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AMERICA'S NEW CHINA POLICY

POINTED REFERENCES IN HOUSE OF COMMONS.

BRITAIN INSISTS ON NANKING SETTLEMENT.

BUT READY TO NEGOTIATE.

Pointed reference to the United States attitude in China arising out of the conclusion of the new Tariff Treaty, was made by Sir Austen Chamberlain in the House of Commons yesterday when he dealt exhaustively with the China situation.

The Foreign Secretary was invited to seek unanimity among the Powers for the purpose of simultaneously recognising the Nationalist Government, and Sir Austen, replying, said that as America had already acted without consultation with the other Powers, it was impossible for those Powers to act in concert with the United States.

Britain, he said, has no particular anxiety to take the lead or to try to get ahead of anybody else.

Sir Austen emphasised that British policy adheres to the spirit of the Declaration of 1926, but remarked that while Britain was prepared to enter into negotiations for the revision of treaties on a new basis, it was essential that the Nanking Incident should be settled, and that the Nanking Government should recognise their responsibilities.

He pointed out that immediately after the Nanking negotiation failed in March this year, the Nanking Government offered terms to the United States, which would have been acceptable to Britain, but which were not offered.

The policy of the British Government remains the same. When the Nanking Incident is settled, Britain will begin to carry out the proposals of the 1926 Declaration which would liberally meet China's new aspirations.

JAPAN'S MEASURES IN MANCHURIA.

London, July 30. China bulked largely in Parliamentary discussions to-day both at question time and in the course of the debate on the Foreign Office Vote.

Sir Austen Chamberlain, the Foreign Secretary, was questioned regarding the visit of Chinese politicians to London, and he told the House that he recently received visits from Mr. Wu Han-min and Mr. Sun Fo, with whom he had friendly conversations of a general nature regarding Sino-British relations.

He hoped that the Nationalist authorities would now settle the Nanking Incident.

Impossible to Co-operate.

In reply to a question regarding the recent Treaty negotiations between the United States and the Nationalist Government, and the possibility of Britain, America and other Powers simultaneously recognising the Nanking Government, Sir Austen Chamberlain said that as the United States had already acted without consultation with the other Powers in signing the Treaty relating to tariff autonomy, it was impossible for those Powers to act in concert with them in measures towards simultaneous recognition.

No Anxiety to Take Lead.

Major Malone suggested that the American Note does not go as far as the British Christmas Memorandum, and asked Sir Austen to take the lead in reorganising British policy in the Far East.

Sir Austen replied that Britain had no particular anxiety to "take the lead and to try to get ahead of anybody else. We had stated our policy and were willing to proceed on those lines when the Nanking episode is settled."

Replying to Commander Kenworthy, Sir Austen said that every opportunity had been taken by both himself and Sir Miles Lampson, the British Minister in Peking, to ensure the Chinese people of the friendly attitude of His Majesty's Government towards China.

1926 Memorandum.

He had reason to believe that that attitude, especially since the publication of the Memorandum of December, 1926, was becoming appreciated by both the Chinese public and the Nationalist Government.

Sir Austen pointed out that the Nanking Incident with the United States Government before the U. S. Government proceeded further in Treaty questions.

In the course of his reply to the debate on the Foreign Office Es-

timates, Sir Austen dealt exhaustively with the China situation.

He again emphasised that Britain adheres to the spirit which inspired the Declaration of December, 1926, and January 1927. Britain has no territorial ambitions in China and desires to be on friendly relations with the Chinese Government.

The Foreign Secretary pointed out that negotiations failed with the Government of Nanking in connexion with the Nanking Incident, in spite of Sir Miles Lampson's presence in Shanghai for the express purpose.

Curious Action by Nanking.

Yet the Nanking Government failing to secure their terms from Britain offered almost immediately terms which would have been acceptable to Britain to the United States.

Sir Austen considered that the Nanking Incident must first be settled, the Nanking Government must accept responsibility for all that occurred, after which Britain will be ready to discuss necessary changes and the question of Treaty revision.

Britain desired to see China united and peaceful under a stable administration and he believed that when that had been achieved, the interests of peaceful traders like the British would be served no less than the interests of the Chinese.

The whole problem rested on the Nanking Incident; when the Nanking Government accepted responsibility "and I do not think it necessary or desirable to go behind their acceptance of that responsibility" they should make a settlement as friendly with Britain as they had with the United States.

Prepared to Negotiate.

Britain was quite prepared to negotiate a Commercial Treaty to take the place of the present system of restriction upon China's tariff freedom.

Britain is prepared as their own progress allows, as the life and property of foreigners becomes more secure, as their authority to discharge the ordinary obligations of a civilised Government becomes strong enough for the task, to enter into friendly negotiations with the Nationalist authorities in the transition from the old Treaty system to a new Treaty system which liberally meets their new aspirations.

The British Government, Sir Austen continued, generally recognises the changed circum-

(Continued on Page 12.)

CIVIL AVIATION PROGRESS.

LONDON-TO-INDIA ROUTE NEXT YEAR.

FLYING CLUBS' RECORD

London, July 30. Replying to the debate on the Air Ministry Estimates in the House of Commons to-day, Sir Samuel Hoare said the London-to-India air route ought to be working according to scheduled time by April, 1929.

"Once this route had been developed and was soundly working, the next principal route would be the 'All-Red Line' from London to Cape Town."

He would see whether it was possible to make a start on the Cape Town route before the end of the present Parliament.

As regards the spread of interest in civil aviation, Sir Samuel said that Light Aeroplanes Clubs, which had only existed for two years, had a membership of 2,744 members.

It is notable that these members flew over 6,000 hours in the first six months of 1928.

He also drew attention to the increase in tonnage carried by the Imperial Airways, Limited. It had risen by 66 per cent. in the past three years, while the cost of operation was decreasing more quickly than in any other country.

It had fallen from 51 pence per ton mile in 1924 to 22 pence at the present time. Britain was on the high road to making civil aviation self-supporting, he declared.

NANKING INCIDENT PARLEY.

SIR SIDNEY BARTON ON VISIT TO PEKING.

SETTLEMENT HOPE.

Shanghai, July 31. A Peking message states that Sir Sidney Barton, the British Consul-General in Shanghai, has arrived there.

It is understood that Sir Sidney will report to the British Minister on the negotiations with the Nationalist Government for a settlement of the Nanking Incident, as well as confer with him on the question of Treaty revision.

It is expected that Sir Sidney Barton will sign an agreement with the Nationalist Government regarding the Nanking Incident on his return to Shanghai.

According to the United States Legation, the Washington Government will formally announce recognition of the Nanking Government as soon as circumstances justify the step.

Nam. Chung Pao.

SILTING UP OF THE HAIHO RIVER.

TIENTSIN-BOUND STEAMERS WARNED.

Tientsin, July 30. The Harbour Master has issued a notice to the effect that owing to the present silted condition of the upper reaches of the Haiho and the impracticability of maintaining swinging berths, it is advisable that all vessels bound for Tientsin should remain at Tangku.

HUNGARIAN HARVEST.

GOOD CROPS BUT PROBLEM OF DISPOSAL.

Budapest, July 30. Nineteen days of excessive heat have ended in a rainstorm. The harvest exceeds the most optimistic forecasts, but agriculturists are worrying over the problem of disposing of it in face of the surrounding tariff walls.

Reuter.

RECEIVED BY KING.

London, July 30. His Majesty the King granted an audience to the Right Rev. Dr. Randall Davidson on his resignation as Archbishop of Canterbury.

Reuter.

BRITISH OLYMPIC TRIUMPHS.

EMPIRE WINS THREE EVENTS.

LORD BURGHLEY BREAKS THE WORLD'S RECORD.

CANADIAN'S SPRINT.

Amsterdam, July 30.

Britain and the British Empire took all the honours at the Olympic Games to-day, winning the Four Hundred Metres Hurdles, the Hundred Metres Flat and the Throwing the Hammer event.

Lord Burghley brought off a sensational performance in the Hurdles, beating an American competitor by two feet in 53 2/5ths seconds, which beat his own world's record of 54 seconds for the distance set up at Stamford Bridge in the A.A.A. Championships earlier in the month.

The time is also claimed by an American, but this has not been officially recognised. Lord Burghley achieved a wonderful success in defeating the U.S. competitors who were warm favourites.

America was right out of the Hundred Metres Final. The winner was Percy Williams (Canada) who beat the tapes a fraction ahead of J. E. London (Great Britain) and Lammerts (Germany).

O'Callaghan, an Irish competitor, took the Hammer-throw. The detailed results are appended:

"EXCELSIOR"—A HONGKONG SATIRE.

Amusing Serial Commences in this Issue.

The first instalment of the brief but amusing Hongkong serial, "Excelsior," appears on Page 6 of this issue.

The story will run for six days. Make a point of getting the Telegraph every evening, and see what happens to Bunice, the social climber.

Burghley achieved a wonderful success in defeating the U.S. competitors who were warm favourites.

America was right out of the Hundred Metres Final. The winner was Percy Williams (Canada) who beat the tapes a fraction ahead of J. E. London (Great Britain) and Lammerts (Germany).

O'Callaghan, an Irish competitor, took the Hammer-throw. The detailed results are appended:

Four Hundred Metres Hurdles.
Lord Burghley (Britain) ... 1
Time: 53 2/5ths seconds.
Cuhel (U.S.A.) ... 2
Taylor (U.S.A.) ... 3
Won by two feet.

Hundred Metres Flat.
P. Williams (Canada) ... 1
Time: 10 4/5ths seconds.
J. E. London (Britain) ... 2
Lammerts (Germany) ... 3

Hammer-Throw.
O'Callaghan (Ireland) ... 1
Distance: 61.35 metres.
Skold (Sweden) ... 2
51.29 metres.
Black (U.S.A.) ... 3
49.03.
Fogkloff (Italy) ... 4
46.96 metres.

The final placings in the weight-lifting competitions are as follows:

Germany: 24 1/2 points.
France: 19 points.
Austria: 16 1/2 points.
Italy: 13 points.
Holland: 8 points.
Egypt: 6 points.—Reuter.

To-Day's Programme.

The events on the programme for to-day are as under:
110 metres hurdles—Men (Heats).
Running Broad Jump—Men (Final).
Throwing the Discus—Ladies (Final).
200 metres flat—Men (First heats).
800 metres flat—Men (Final).
100 metres flat—Ladies (Final).
110 metres hurdles—Men (Semi-final).
5,000 metres flat—Men (Heats).
200 metres flat—Men (Second heats).

ITALIAN CRUISER FIRED AT.

MISTAKEN FOR ENEMY BY CHINESE WARSHIP.

THE FIRE RETURNED.

Peking, July 30.

A sensational incident, in which a Chinese warship fired on an Italian cruiser, occurred at Newchwang on Saturday morning. The Italian cruiser Sebastiano Caboto was leaving the port early in the morning when a Chinese man-of-war fired on her somewhat heavily.

The Sebastiano Caboto returned the fire. There were no Italian casualties.

When the Chinese warship discovered that the Italian cruiser was not an enemy craft, she ceased firing.

It is believed that the misunderstanding was due to the fact that some ships of the Northern Squadron had gone over to the Nationalists; hence the Chinese naval officers were not sure who was friend and who foe.

In this connexion, it was reported yesterday by a Chinese news agency that the cruisers Hailu, Haiyung, Hailow and Hailen, which had hitherto served the Northern Government, have declared their allegiance to the Nationalist Government and are proceeding to Shanghai to await orders from Nationalist Naval Headquarters.—Reuter.

RAILWAY DISASTER SEQUEL.

INDIAN NEWSPAPERS BEING PROSECUTED.

LIBEL SUITS ALSO.

London, July 30.

In the House of Commons, Earl Winterton, Under Secretary for India, stated that the Government of Bengal was prosecuting the editor, printer and publisher of the Swarajist newspaper Forward in respect of the publication of a letter alleging that some Indians injured in the railway disaster at Dankani (in which 21 were killed and 3 injured) were searched and killed by men acting under the instructions of a European.

The Government of India has, said Earl Winterton, ordered the prosecution of the newspaper Pioneer by the East Indian Railway for reproducing the same letter.

Two libel suits had also been filed by the agent of other railway officers against the Forward Publishing Company, its editor and printer.

The reward for the detection and conviction of the perpetrators of the removal of the rails, which caused the derailment, had been increased to 30,000 Rupees, and four arrests had been made.—Reuter.

SHANGHAI COURT CRISIS.

JUDGE LOO STILL REFUSES TO QUIT.

Shanghai, July 31. The position with regard to Judge Loo continues to remain obscure.

The Consular Body has met to consider the Presidency of the Provisional Court, but its decision cannot be ascertained. Judge Loo is still functioning, and he declines to quit until the Sincere Government specifically orders him to.—Our Own Correspondent.

"CITY OF YOKOHAMA."

ARRIVES SAFELY AT COLOMBO.

Colombo, July 30. The s.s. City of Yokohama, which on the 21st instant sent out a wireless when 1,150 miles south of Colombo saying she was disabled and needed assistance, has arrived here.

Repairs will be completed in a few days.—Reuter.

DISARMAMENT COMPROMISE.

BRITAIN IN AGREEMENT WITH FRANCE.

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN TO APPROACH OTHER POWERS.

BRITISH MONROE DOCTRINE

An important announcement opening up prospects of a new international discussion of the limitation of armaments was made by Sir Austen Chamberlain, the British Foreign Secretary in the House of Commons yesterday.

The British Government has reached an understanding with France, and the result of the deliberations is to be communicated to other Powers with a view to removing any obstacle to progress. The question is largely concerned with naval issues, and it is hoped that the compromise reached will enable the important Naval Powers to reconcile their differences.

Sir Austen Chamberlain also referred at some length to the Kellogg Treaty and deprecated the attitude of persons who were saying that the British reservations were likely to wreck the whole proposal.

The Foreign Secretary pertinently asked if there had been any suggestion that the United States, meant to change their policy with regard to the Monroe Doctrine, and remarking that clearly there had not, pointed out that Britain, too, had a Monroe Doctrine because of the existence of special regions where the integrity of the country was inevitably bound up with the defence of the British Empire.

Sir Austen also reminded the new regime in Egypt that Britain would adhere to the Declaration of 1922 whatever form of Government was established by King Fuad.

AMERICAN ANTI-WAR PACT AIMS.

London, July 30.

Following his exhaustive summary of the China situation and Britain's attitude regarding recent developments, Sir Austen Chamberlain in the debate on the Foreign Office Estimates, dealt at some length with foreign policy generally.

Sir Austen drew attention to the recent action of King Fuad in dissolving the Egyptian Parliament, and said that Britain would adhere to the Declaration of 1922.

Whatever form of government the Egyptian King and people established in Egypt, they must take into account the reservations regarding defences and communications, and must satisfy Britain that our special interests were duly respected, until such time, if the time ever comes, when the Egyptians are prepared to make a Treaty with Britain on the only basis on which any responsible Government can ever consent to negotiate.

Troops As Last Resort.

The Foreign Secretary pointed out that as a last resort British troops in Egypt would be called upon to maintain order.

He did not think that the present time was opportune for the opening of any fresh Treaty negotiations.

Sir Austen added that the present British Government based their action on the policy pursued by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald when he was Labour Foreign Minister. They had carried out, not a party policy, but a national policy throughout their dealings with Egypt.

An extremely interesting announcement was made by Sir Austen in dealing with the Treaty for the renunciation of war, which he hoped to sign himself in Paris in September.

Naval Disarmament Progress.

There was also a question, he said, of a new disarmament conference. In this connexion, conversations had recently been going on between Britain and France, as the result of which they had succeeded in finding a compromise regarding naval issues.

Sir Austen was about to communicate the result of the Anglo-French deliberations to the other principal Naval Powers and he expected that the first discussion of his proposals would be by the Preparatory Disarmament Conference themselves.

In a further allusion to the anti-war Treaty, Sir Austen Chamberlain assured the House of Commons that the Dominions Governments were the first recipients of the Government's confidence in this connexion.

The Disarmament Issue.

Speaking in regard to disarmament, Sir Austen said undoubtedly by the signature of the Kellogg Treaty was a new fact to which all must pay attention and of which all should take account. But he would rather deal with the matter of disarmament apart from the Kellogg Treaty, because, whether that Treaty had been proposed or not, one would still have been faced with the question of the limitation of armaments.

He had been asked what was going on in the Preparatory Commission for Disarmament at Geneva. At the moment, the Preparatory Commission was not in session. But it was known to the House of Commons that some decision had been reached by the British Government in the hope of reducing differences in the matter of armaments and in the hope of finding some compromise upon which an agreement could be reached and which might then be submitted to other Powers and thus facilitate progress in the Commission.

Franco-British Agreement.

The conversations with France had been successful. He was about to communicate to the other Powers the compromise at which Britain and France had arrived in the hope that that compromise might be acceptable to them also, and thus a great obstacle to progress would have been removed and a step made in advance. But until these proposals had been communicated to the other Governments, he did not like to say more about them.

The proposals which he mentioned were those dealing with disarmament, which arose in regard to the naval issue in which, of course, we had a particular interest. Our military forces were very small compared with those of other Powers, but our Navy had always been the principal defence of our country, and therefore naval questions were those which interested us most, and it was on them that we had been seeking to reconcile differences and to find a method of making progress.

Our Obligations.

In regard to the Treaty for the Renunciation of War, Sir Austen Chamberlain said this country had two classes of obligations. There were the obligations of the Covenant of the League of Nations. Under Article 20 of the Covenant, which sometimes got less attention than it deserved, there was a binding obligation to see that the new Treaty which we were asked to

(Continued on Page 8.)



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A NEW THEATRE.**IMPOSING STRUCTURE
OPENED YESTERDAY.**

Speaking at the opening ceremony of the new Ko Shing Theatre at Queen's Road West yesterday afternoon, the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewell spoke in humorous vein of the growth of Chinese theatrical enterprise in the Colony as marked by the completion of the new Theatre.

It was a great pleasure for him to be asked to perform the opening ceremony, the more so as the Manager of the Theatre was related to him. He recalled, in speaking of the growth of Chinese theatrical enterprise, how when at the tender age of seven he was taken by his grandmother to see Chinese historical plays and was delightedly thrilled by what he saw. That was more than 40 years ago. Times had changed and with the passage of the years, bald-headed as he has now become, he again saw the Ko Shing Theatre—but what a different Theatre it was. In place of the ancient structure that was associated with his earlier years, he now saw an imposing stone edifice, embodying the latest improvements that would make a visit to the Theatre one of considerable comfort and pleasure. An old Chinese truism had said we could not be old unless we first passed through the first stage of life, and if they lived long enough, in 70 years' time, they might perhaps see the Ko Shing Theatre become a still more impressive proposition than it was now, imposing as it already was.

Concluding, the Hon. Dr. Kotewell offered his congratulations to Mr. Lui Wai-chow, Manager of the Syndicate which has now leased the building, and his family, and also Mr. Li Cheung-hing, the proprietor of the property, for their splendid enterprise.

Praise for Architects.

The speaker was handed a key with which the main gate was opened, the visitors being then ushered into the spacious foyer of the Theatre.

Mr. M. K. Lo, in replying, thanked Hon. Dr. Kotewell for finding time, amidst his arduous public duties, to go there and perform the opening ceremony of the new Theatre. He congratulated the architects, Messrs. Palmer and Turner, for the fine product that had been turned out, and noted with pleasure the presence of their representative in the person of Lt. Colonel L. G. Bird. The new building would surely forever stand as a memorial to their architectural genius. The contractors, the Hung Sun firm were to be also congratulated for completing the work well ahead of time. Finally, Mr. Lo thanked Miss Violet Capell and her talented pupils for going there that day to entertain them with a little dancing display.

Mr. Lui Wai-chow, representing the Syndicate, also addressed the large gathering in Chinese, after which the visitors entered the Theatre and sat down to watch the dancing display and also a brief Chinese play in one act which followed the performance of Miss Capell and her pupils.

Entitled "A Goddess Scattering Heavenly Flowers," it had to do with a traditional episode in the life of Buddha and his disciples, and synopsis which accompanied the performance, indicated that Mr. Chan Fui-lung performed the difficult role of the Goddess while Mr. Leng Siu-fung was the talented disciple on whom Buddha graciously bestowed his blessing and approval.

Guests Present.

There were a large number of prominent residents present at the function, these including in addition to Hon. Dr. Kotewell and Mrs. Kotewell and family, Mr. and Mrs. M. K. Lo, Mr. and Mrs. Ho Kow-tong, Mr. Justice P. Jacks and

BAND CONCERT.**NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT AT
KOWLOON CRICKET CLUB.**

A fine musical treat is in store for visitors to the Kowloon Cricket Club next Saturday night, when the Band of the Queen's Royal Regiment has been engaged to give a concert. Nothing is more pleasing in the summer season than to listen to a good band in the cool of the evening in such delightful and hospitable surroundings as the K.C.C. offers.

The Queen's has a very high reputation among military bands and the Bandmaster (Mr. H. Perry, A.R.C.M.) has arranged a programme that should appeal to all tastes. It includes the serious as well as the popular pieces. Among them is one of the conductor's own compositions. This is "L. Battery," a march that will open the programme. A number that will be new to most people and which is all the rage at home just now is "The Girl Friend" by Rogers. Other selections include "Leetie Stuart's Song," arranged by Tobáñil, the popular waltz "Diane," Amphiphone solo "Mouset," "Jolanthe," Serenade from the Ballet "Les Millions D'Arlequin," the overture "La Concorde D'Or" and a selection by the Queen's Male Voice Choir.

Arrangements have been made for the grounds to be illuminated with the Club's colours, red and green, and for ample seating accommodation for the huge crowd expected.

Mrs. Jacks, Mr. P. P. J. Wodehouse, D.S.P., C.I.E., and Mrs. Wodehouse, Major C. Willson, Mr. J. P. Braka, Mr. Ho Leung, Mr. Ho Kwong, Mr. Li Yau-sun, Mr. Ip Lan-chuen, Lt. Col. L. G. Bird, principal of Messrs. Palmer and Turner, the architects, Mr. H. T. Brooks, Superintendent of the Fire Brigade Department, Mr. Wong Kwong-tin, and others.

The new Ko Shing Theatre is an impressive looking building constructed of stone and concrete, its imposing height and exterior standing out in striking contrast to the surrounding tenements in this old Chinese quarter. It occupies the site of the old Theatre in Queen's Road West, opposite the principal entrance to the Government Civil Hospital.

In Western Style.

Built at a cost of \$230,000, nearly a further lakh has been spent in decorating and furnishing the interior which in appearance resembles more of a Western theatre than a native place of entertainment. A spacious foyer where the ticket offices are arranged, is passed through before the visitor enters the auditorium. Inside this, have been constructed the two upper circles or galleries, where the second and third classes are accommodated. The first class patrons are seated in the pit of the theatre after the fashion of Chinese Theatres.

The work of construction had been greatly expedited, and the contractors who are stated, were to complete the building within ten months, this being well ahead of time as the contractors were not due to turn over the completed building until next February.

The property and building are included in the estate belonging to the Li family, of which Mr. Li Cheung-hing is the principal member. The building which has a seating capacity of 1,700 spectators, has now been leased by the Wo Lok syndicate, of which Mr. Lui Wai-chow, of Messrs. Lo and Lo, is the head. There is to be a restaurant accommodated within the spacious building, which is surely a boon for the patrons of the Theatre, considering that a Chinese play of the historical kind, is tied down to no time limits, and may sometimes occupy anything from a whole night (including the early hours of the morning) to a week.

EXPERTS CONFLICT.**ATTEMPT TO RECONCILE
MEDICAL FINDINGS.**

The inquiry into the death of a Chinese, who is alleged to have died from blood-poisoning while receiving treatment at the Tung Wah Hospital for a fractured leg caused through being knocked down by a motor-car at Pokfulam Road, was resumed before Mr. R. E. Lindsell, sitting as Coroner, yesterday afternoon.

Dr. T. W. Ware, Government Medical Officer in charge of the Government Civil Hospital, said he was not at the Hospital in April last when the deceased was admitted, the Medical Officer then in charge being now on leave.

From the records left behind, however, it was shown that the man was suffering from a simple fracture and also from a small skin wound in the right leg. The treatment was partially successful. At the end of five weeks, the bones failed to unite properly, and an operation was advised. The patient seemed to be frightened, and at his own request for Chinese treatment was transferred to the Tung Wah Hospital on May 11. He was thoroughly healthy when he left, the skin wound by this time having completely healed up.

Record Wanted.

On transfer, the police were informed, and they raised no objection. If the man had been suffering from blood-poisoning then, it was not apparent. It was possible he had a delayed form of blood-poisoning which the failure of the bones to unite might develop or accentuate.

In view of the fact that a previous witness, Dr. Kirk, had said that as far as he knew, no history of the case was received with this man on transfer to the Tung Wah Hospital, witness, at the conclusion of his evidence, was requested by the Coroner that this failure be rectified in the future and that a record be included in the routine governing these cases.

Witness promised to do so.

Lum Chung-wah, a Chinese herbalist connected with the Tung Wah Hospital, said that the deceased was admitted on May 11 and treated for fracture of the leg. After twenty days the patient was able to walk. Witness said that the deceased was retained in hospital because he was not in a condition to work and also because he was destitute. The witness said that even after the patient could walk he was under treatment.

The Coroner: What happened on July 6?

Witness: On the morning of his death the patient was still able to take two bowls of rice. He became bad at 3 p.m. and died at midnight.

In answer to further questions witness said that the deceased's symptoms on the day of his death were shortness of breath and vomiting. He attributed this condition to a disease known as *Keuk Hae*.

A Disagreement.

Mr. Lindsell here pointed out that Dr. Kirk had stated that it was his opinion that death was due to blood poisoning.

"Witness disagreed."

In describing what *Keuk Hae* actually stood for, witness said it was a sort of cramp which started from the leg and in some way affected the heart. It was in no way connected with the fracture. The Coroner remarked that if this witness was to be believed, there was no accidental death at all and the inquest was finished. He expressed a desire to recall Dr. Kirk.

The witness, in answer to further questions, re-affirmed that the fracture was healed and could not cause further trouble. He added that if the patient had taken a trip inland, to a place where there was fresh water only, he might have had a chance to fight the disease.

In answer to the jury as to what was the cause of *Keuk Hae*, witness said that it was caused by an excess of phlegm, due to weak lungs. There had been at least

A CINEMA BLAZE.**FILMS IGNITED BY MATCH
CARELESSLY THROWN.**

Houston, Tex., July 30. Two picnics were killed and 21 severely injured in a fire during a cinema display in the state prison camp, due to a match, carelessly thrown, setting fire to the films.—*Reuter's American Service.*

ten cases within the last nine years, according to the witness experience. Witness expressed the opinion that the injuries received by the deceased as a result of the motor accident did not hasten the deceased's death.

Considerably Startled.

Recalling Dr. Kirk into the witness box, Mr. Lindsell said: "We have been considerably startled this afternoon by the herbalist on the staff of the Tung Wah Hospital, who stoutly maintains that the cause of death of this man Tang Yuk was entirely natural and had nothing whatever to do with this accident. He says deceased was perfectly well by the end of May and was able to walk, and thereafter although he (deceased) was treated in a mild sort of way, his fracture was absolutely healed and he was allowed to remain in hospital because he was an old man with no means of a support and was not able to work. There was nothing wrong with him, but suddenly on July 6, at 3 p.m. he was taking in with vomiting and gasping for breath and he succumbed the same night. The Chinese doctor says that the disease, which he calls *Keuk Hae* is a form of cramp in the leg which gradually rises to the heart. He says there was no sign of blood poisoning at all during the time the patient was under his treatment."

The Coroner then asked Dr. Kirk if the latter modified his view as to the cause of death.

Dr. Kirk: There is an interesting fact, Sir, in relation to my evidence, which I regret to say was wrongly reported in the Press. I hope that I did not omit to notice the change in the words when I signed the paper. I intended to say in my evidence, Sir, that the patient, before the accident, was probably not a robust man. In the Press it was reported that he was a robust man.

A Clot of Blood.

Dr. Kirk said that the statement given by the Chinese herbalist seemed to him to correspond with an acute end, as, for instance, if a clot of blood forming in a vein had worked up to the heart. A clot of blood so forming would have caused the symptoms described.

The Coroner remarked that the Chinese doctor had said that he had known ten cases of *Keuk Hae* in nine years.

Witness stated that the conception of anatomy and pathology, as held by Western doctors and by Chinese herbalists, did not coincide and it made a discussion of that nature very difficult. The evidence of the herbalist to the Court was of greater value than his own evidence, which was formed from an examination after death. Dr. Kirk added that at a previous hearing he had given the primary cause of death as the fracture, and the secondary cause, blood poisoning. He would like that varied to read that the secondary cause was dislodgment of a septic clot, which would give the symptoms described, such as shortness of breath.

The Coroner at this stage asked Dr. Kirk to communicate with Dr. Thomas with a view to arranging a conference between these two doctors and the Chinese herbalists, in order that Dr. Thomas might be able to state at the next hearing whether the cause of death was or was not due to the accident. If Dr. Thomas should hold the view that the Chinese herbalist was correct, then there was no more need for an inquiry and the services of the jury would not be necessary.

The hearing was adjourned until to-morrow.



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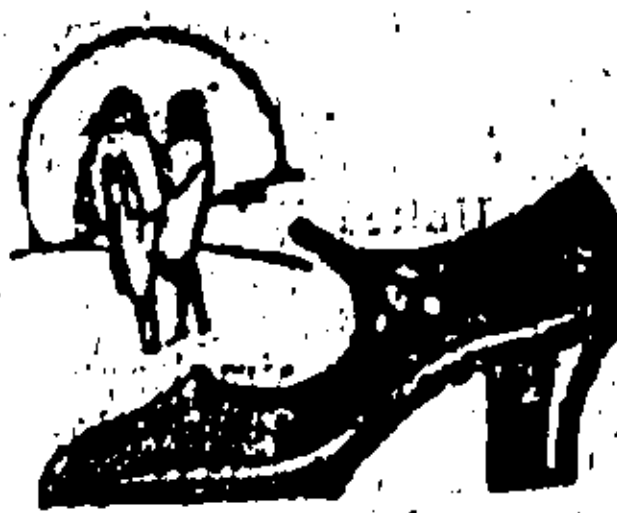
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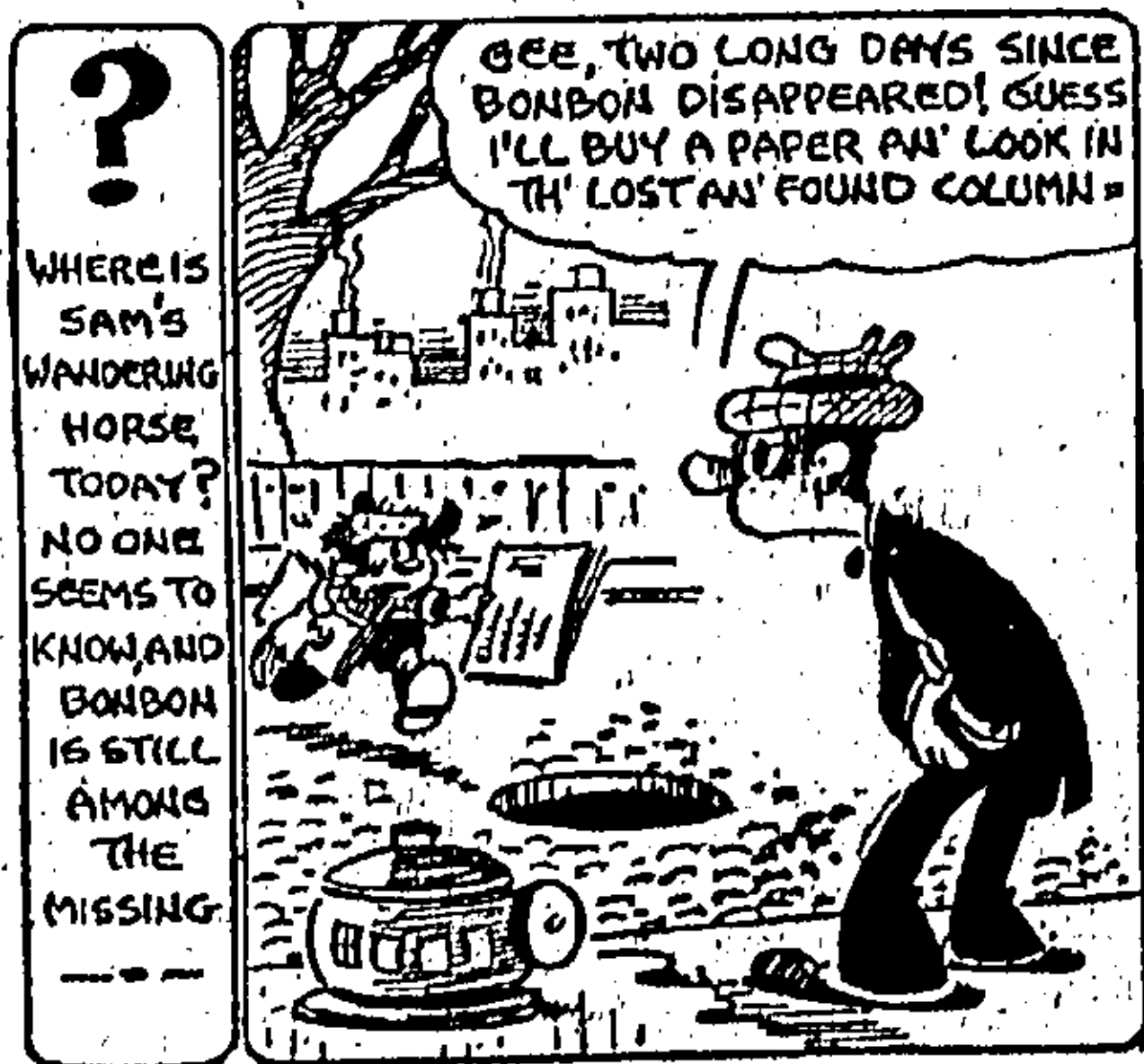
6, Wyndham Street, 1st floor,
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often leads to
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Emulsion**
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SALESMAN SAM**Mistaken Identity****By Small**



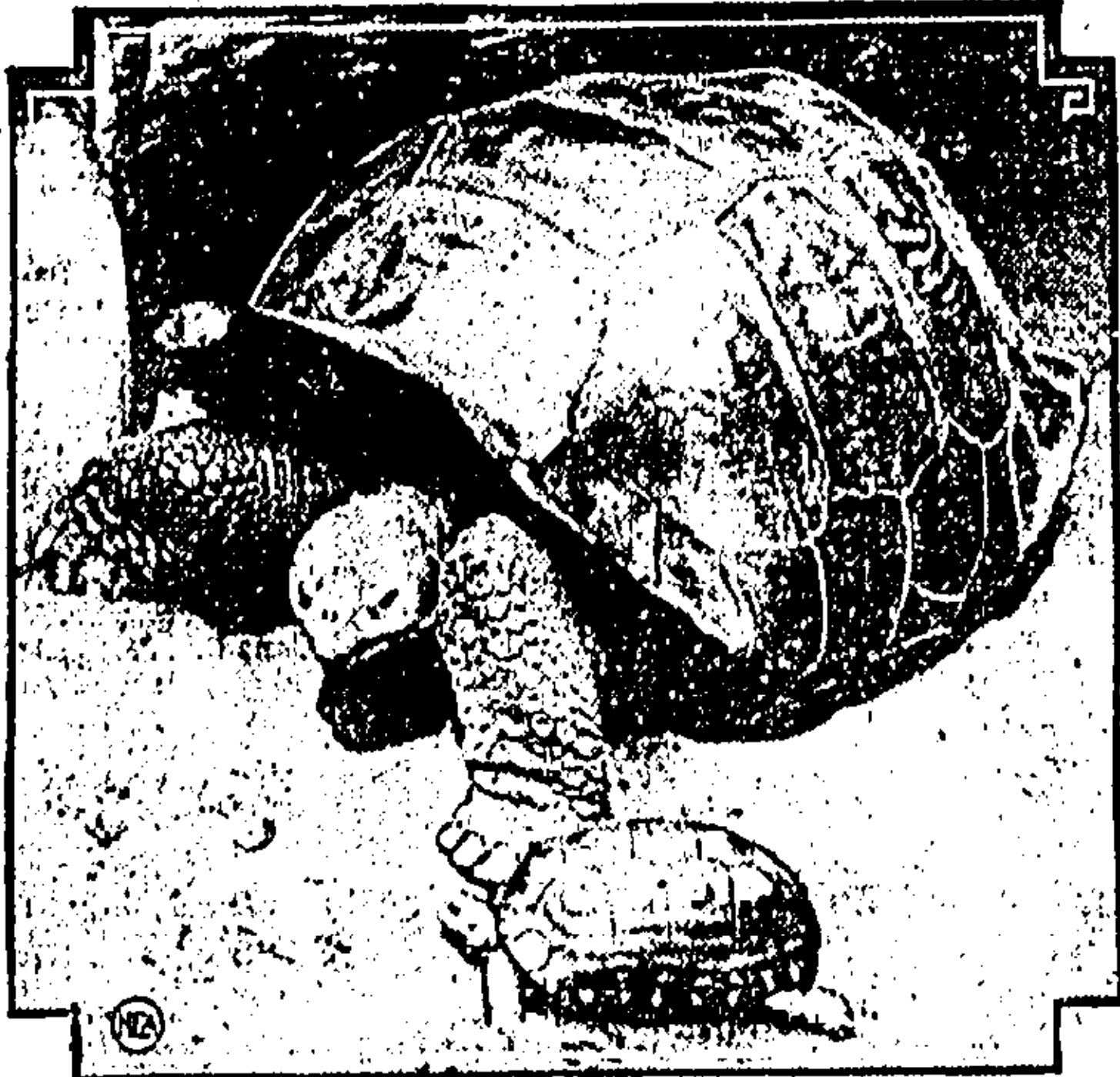
Members of the Tientsin Interport Tennis Team being entertained at dinner at the Majestic Hotel by the Shanghai Team.



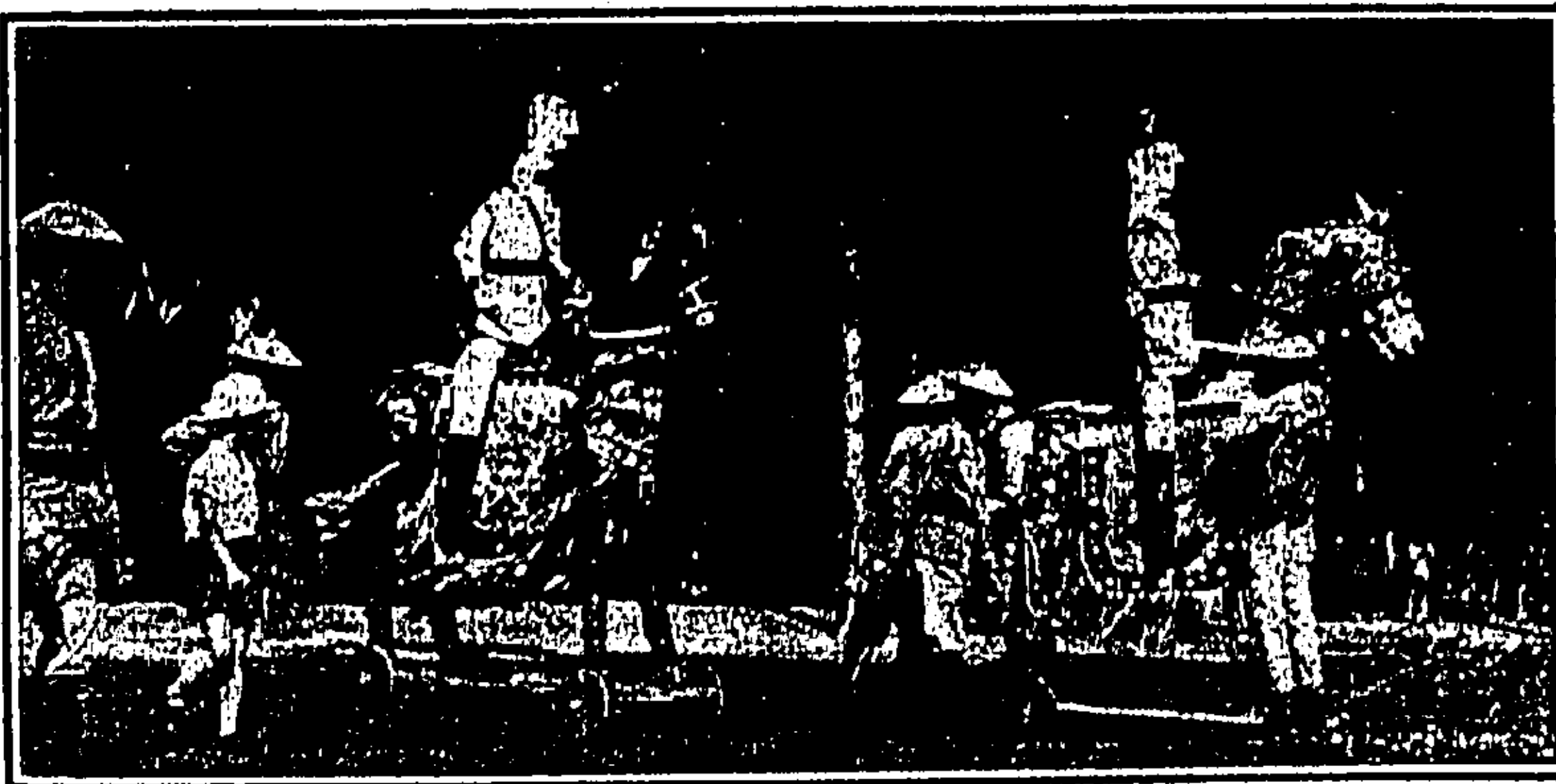
Officers and Sports Committee of the Shanghai Special Police, photographed during an afternoon's relaxation.



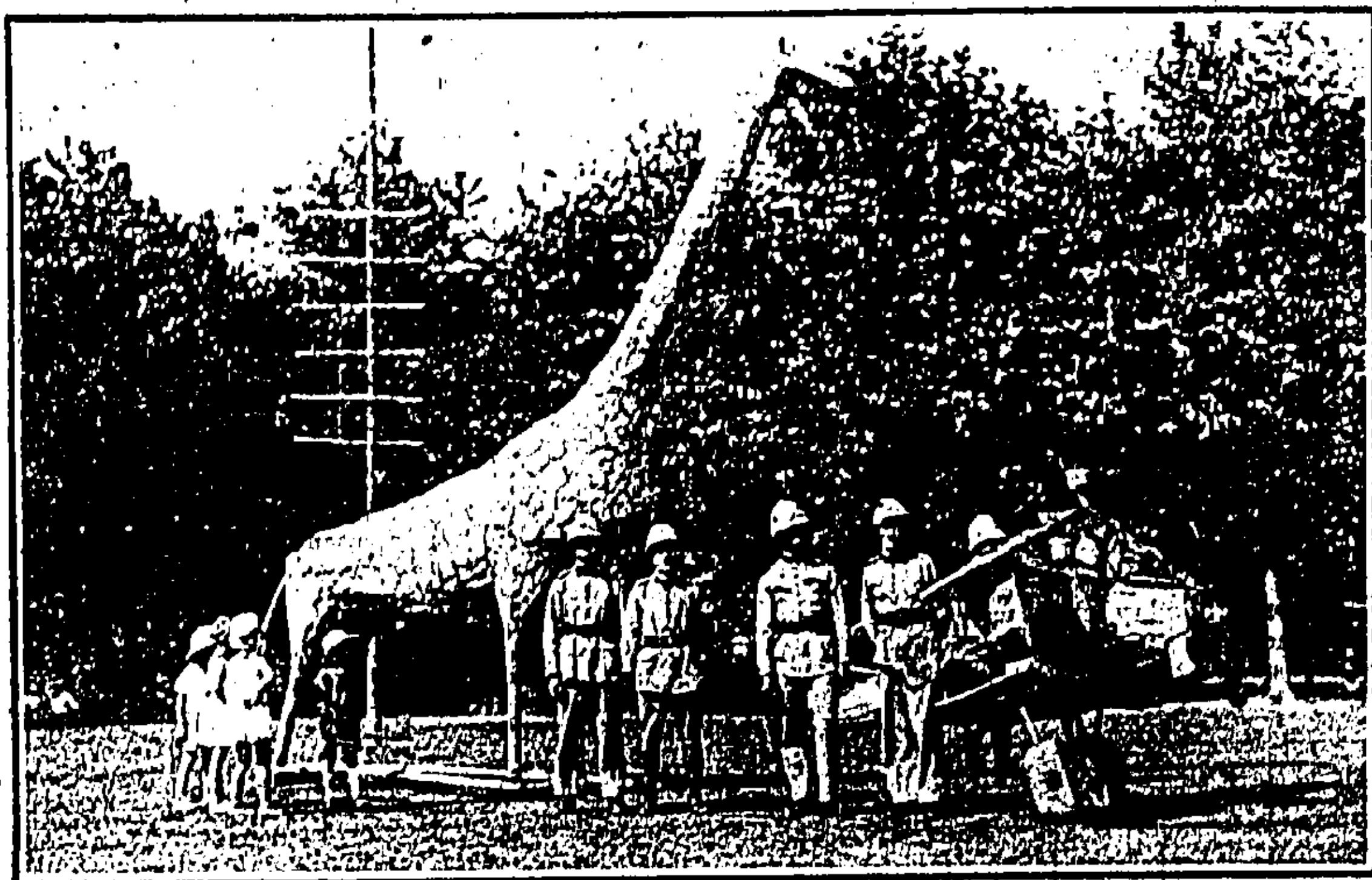
Shanghai Specials at the sports in the grounds of the International Country Club.



An American tortoise which has been in captivity for 130 years. It weighs 300 lbs. The usual size is seen alongside.



Gallant hobby-horses which caused much merriment among spectators of the torchlight procession held in Shanghai in honour of the storming of the Bastille



A long-necked giraffe of paper which greatly fascinated children who flocked to the French Park for the storming of the Bastille celebration.



Mr. Tchou Yen receiving the insignia of a Chevalier of the Legion of Honour from Admiral Stotz in Shanghai recently. On the left is Mr. Loh Pah-hong, who was similarly decorated. Both Mr. Tchou Yen and Mr. Loh Pah-hong are members of the French Municipal Commission.



French Volunteers, standing at the entrance to Koukaza Park prior to the storming of the Bastille celebrations.

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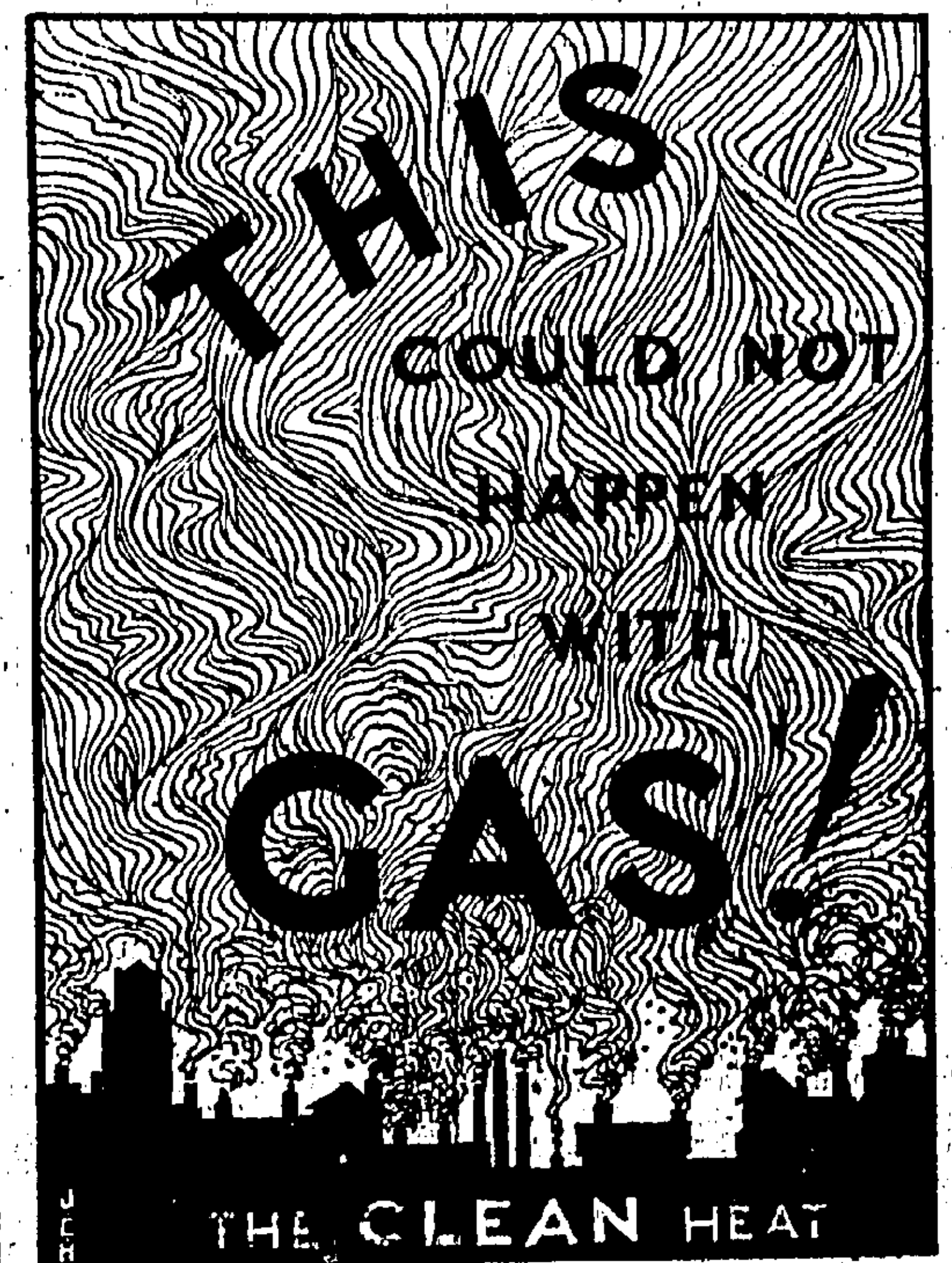
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HONGKONG & CHINA GAS Co., Ltd.

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Prepaid Advertisements

25 WORDS FOR \$1.00
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The following replies are awaiting collection:—
295, 300, 301, 305, 306, 315
344, 363, 371, 374, 376, 381
385, 387

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Edison Recreation Gramophone, console table model. Cost \$200.00, will sell for \$250.00 with 60 records or nearest offer. Reply to Box No. 395, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

PREMISES TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—In Kowloon, five minutes from Ferry. Price per month from \$40.00 upwards. Write to Box No. 392, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO LET.—Office Rooms, 2nd floor, New Hongkong Bank Building. Apply Sang Kee, same building.

TO LET.—One European FLAT at Gap Road, Hongkong. Apply to 82, Kennedy Road.

TO LET.—European Flats Nos. 41 and 43, Kennedy Road. Apply Thornhill Aerated Water Factory, 154, Praya East. Phone C.647.

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FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.—Ground-floor of a house in Macdonnell Road comprising two large rooms and large verandah, with bathroom, hot and cold water and flush system.

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New Advertisements.

HONGKONG ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

A Farewell Tiffin is being given to Mr. A. K. Henderson at the Hongkong Hotel, on Wednesday, 15th August, 1928.

Members who intend being present are requested to advise the undersigned as early as possible.

E. M. BRYDEN,
c/o Lowe, Bingham & Matthews,
Joint Hon. Secretary.

HONGKONG TRAMWAYS LTD.

An INTERIM DIVIDEND of Sixty cents per share has been declared payable on WEDNESDAY, 22nd August next, on and after which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained upon application at the Registered Office of the Company, Canal Road East, Bowrington, Hongkong.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the REGISTER of MEMBERS of the Company will be closed from WEDNESDAY, 8th August to TUESDAY, 21st August, 1928, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
L. C. F. BELLAMY,
General Manager.
Hongkong, 30th July, 1928.

BOARD RESIDENCE.

FAMILY HOTEL.—Victoria Gardens. Quiet apartments and Suites of rooms. Full board from \$95, \$110, \$130; monthly. Large commodious rooms. Also daily rates; five minutes from ferry, next new Hotel, Hankow Road, Kowloon, Tel. K.357.

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SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation in JULY.

Five-Roomed FLATS and Six-Roomed FLATS with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two Lifts. Apply to—
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ARE YOU SICK? Why Continue To Suffer. Get The Poo On Chinese Herbs and Get Well. Constipation; Rheumatism; Dropsy; Typhoid Fever; Nervousness; and Diabetes. Yee Foo Lun, Chinese Herbalist, Managing Director, Entrance 66, Queen's Road Central, Tel. C. 6009.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

N. Y. K. LINE.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
From EUROPE and STRAITS.

The Steamship "ADEN MARU," having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godown at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 2nd August, 1928, will be subject to rent. Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee's and the Co.'s representatives on any Tuesdays & Fridays, at 2.30 p.m. within the free storage period.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Hongkong, 26th July, 1928.

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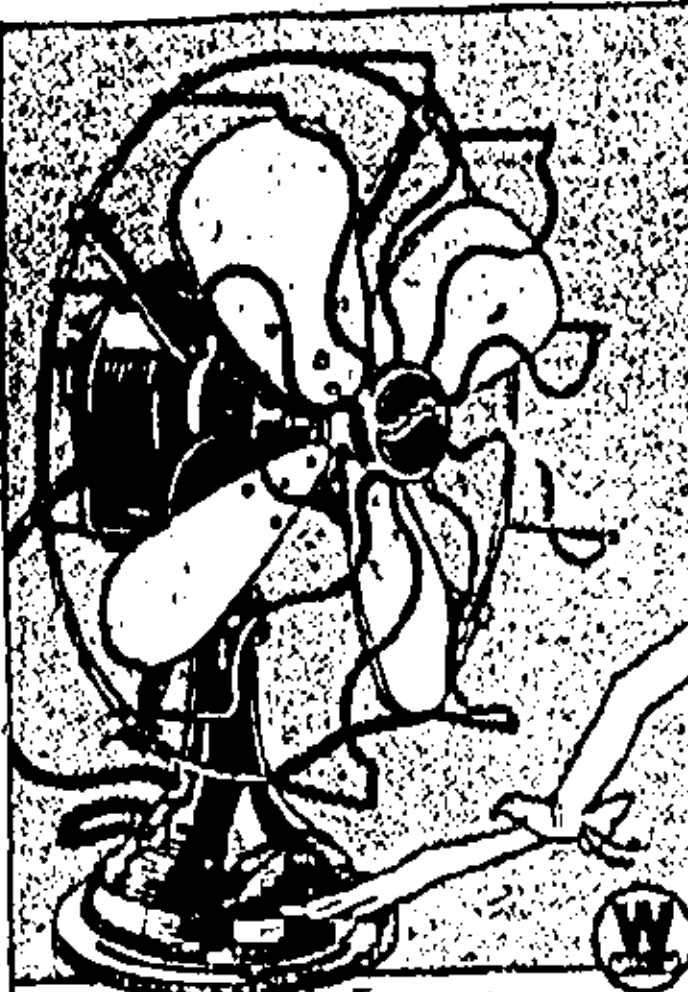
CHINA AUCTION ROOMS.

6, DUDDELL STREET, AND 2A, D'AGUIAR STREET.
Auction of Household and Office Furniture and Sundry goods every TUESDAY, and FRIDAY, at 2.30 p.m., at No. 2A, D'Aguiar Street. Tel.—C.4453, 6, Duddell Street, C.6321, 2A, D'Aguiar Street.

For the first time since its institution in 1919 the Joint Industrial Council of the Printing and Allied Trades met in the provinces—at Manchester on July 4.

A deputation from the senate of University College, Nottingham, presented an address of gratitude to Sir Jesse Boot for his erection of new University buildings at a cost of £400,000.

First prize in the window dressing competition during Empire Week over the London area in the "things to eat" section was won by a West-end store with an exhibit of New Zealand lamb.



Torrid, depressing days vanish when you turn the switch of a WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC FAN.

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UNIVERSITIES OF TRIAL.

HIGHER LEARNING IN PROVINCES.

York, July 5. Strong criticisms of the management of modern provincial universities were made at York to-day by Dr. W. E. Collinge, the Keeper of the Yorkshire Philosophical Society's Museum.

In pleading for university reform, he said that few provincial universities were homes of learning or research.

Some were moribund, almost derelict, and others apathetic, while one or two seemed to exist primarily for the professors, and not the students. New universities were springing up all over the country, and they seemed to vie with each other in numbers rather than in quality. Every year large numbers of young men and women, unfitted for higher education, were being drafted into these institutions.

The unsatisfactory nature of our new universities sprang from the head and source of their government. Their courts are far too large, and in not few instances, said Dr. Collinge, "the local lawyer or the successful merchant is paramount on such bodies, the remaining members being content to do as they are told."

Research Work.

In some of these universities neither staff nor students were engaged upon research. Where a small amount of this was done it was carried out under the most trying difficulties.

The governing bodies of the newer universities would squander money on unnecessary things. As a whole they had proved incompetent and unsympathetic where original research had been discussed.

That many of the universities should be closed for nearly half the year was a matter that demanded drastic change. There was something radically wrong with institutions that closed their doors for such long vacations. He questioned also whether any university should be allowed to confer an honorary degree on a person not already holding a university degree.

SHARE PRICES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1295 b.
Chartered Bank, \$221 b.
Marantilla A. & B., \$36 n.
P. and O. \$91 n.
East Asi. \$75 b.

Insurances.

Canton Ins., \$635 b.
Union Ins., \$346 b.
North China Ins., Tls. 146 b.
Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.
China Underwriters, \$2 50 s.
China Firs, \$245 b.
H. K. Fire Ins., \$730 b.

Shipping.

Douglases, \$381 s.
H. K. Steamboats, \$27 s.
H. K. Tugs, \$2 n.
Indo-Chinas, (Def.) \$70 b.
Union Trans., 100/- n.
Shell Waterboats, \$201 b.

Mining.

Bonguots, \$11 b.
Kailans, 60/- n.
Lampkats, Tls. 12.20 n.
Shai Exploration, Tls. 2.45 b.
Raubs, \$4.40 b.
Tromohs, 17/6 n.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$1361 n.
Whampoa Docks, \$40 b.
China Providents, \$5.15 s.
Hongkows, Tls. 156 n.
New Engineerings, Tls. 5 n.
Shanghai Docks, Tls. 100 n.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, Tls. 8.80 b.
Orientals, Tls. 2.50 n.
Shai Cottons, Tls. 514 (old) n.

Land, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$3.90 b.
H. K. Lands, \$671 b.
Shai Lands Tls. 138 b.
Humphreys, \$14.35 b.
Realties, \$71 s.

Public Utilities.

Tramways, \$24.50 b.
Peak Trams, (old) \$13 b.
Star Ferries, \$641 b.
China Lights, (Old.) \$11.60 b.
H. K. Electric, \$481 b.
Macao Electric, \$261 b.
Telephones \$6.50 b.
China Buses, Tls. 10.75 b.
Singapore Traction, 10/6 b.

Industrials.

China Sugars, \$2.25 s.
Malabons, \$241 n.
Canton Icos, \$3.70 b.
Cements (Comb.) \$9.25 s.
Ropes (Old) \$6.80 n.
United Asbestos \$81 s.

Stores &c.

Dairy Farms, \$21.90 s.
Watsons, \$14 b.
Dur A. Wing, 50 n.
Lane Crawfords, \$21 s.
Mackintosh, \$20 n.
Sincors, \$9.50 n.
Wm. Powells, \$3 b.

Miscellaneous.

Amusements, \$261 X Div.
Constructions, \$11 s.
B'que Ind. G. Bonds, 63% b.
H. K. G. Loans, 6%

LETTER GOLF.

It's hard to play golf with a COAT and VEST on, but the two are necessary to to-day's letter golf.

C	O	A	T
V	E	S	T

1.—The idea of letter golf is to change one word to another and do it in par, a given number of strokes. Thus to change COW to HEN, in three strokes, COW, HOW, HEW, HEN.

2.—You can change only one letter at a time.

3.—You must have a complete word, of common usage, for each jump. Slang words and abbreviations don't count.

4.—The order of letters cannot be changed.
One solution is printed on another page of this issue.

Sentence of 12 months' hard labour and 20 strokes of the "cat" was passed at Sussex Assizes on William Walter Porter, 20, labourer, for robbing with violence Margaret Farmer, a nurse, at Hollington, near Hastings.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

Radio Letter Telegrams are accepted subject to the following conditions:—

1. Minimum delay in delivery, 24 hours.
2. Messages must be written in plain English or plain Spanish. Code addresses may be used. Groups of figures, trade marks, trade terms and trade expressions must be expanded by qualifying words so that messages will offer an intelligible sense to ANYONE reading them.
3. Each message must bear the Indication RL as part of the address. The indication is connected and charged for as one word. No limit on the number of words a message may contain.

To	Minimum 20 Words.	Each Additional Word.
Manila	2.00	10
Sao Francisco & Bay Cities	10.50	50
Other Offices in California & other Pacific States	11.00	58
Central States U.S.	12.00	58
Mountain States U.S.	13.00	58
Eastern States U.S.	12.25	51
British Columbia 1st Zone only	12.00	53
Alberta, Saskatchewan & Manitoba	12.00	53
Ontario, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick & Quebec	13.00	56
Newfoundland	13.00	56

M. J. BRENN,
POSTMASTER GENERAL.

24th February, 1928.

RADIO TELEGRAPH SERVICES are now in operation as follows:—

Ships at Sea, Europe, American Continents, Hawaiian Islands, Dutch East Indies, Dutch Borneo, Philippine Islands, French Indo-China, Province of Yunnan, British North Borneo, Siam, Canton, Swatow, Kwongchow, Fort Bayard, Tchekam, Hoihow, Amoy and Foochow, etc.

It is notified for information that the rate for the Dutch East Indies has been reduced to \$1.05 per word. The rate to the Dutch East Indies has been reduced from \$1.50 to 90 cents per word as from April 25th, 1928.

Rates and further particulars on application to the RADIO COUNTEER, 1st Floor, Government Building.

Telegraphic Addresses—Persons and firms having correspondents in the places named above should in order to avoid delay to telegrams received by radio register their telegraphic addresses immediately.

A direct service to Yunnan Province was opened, 20th April, 1928. The inclusive charge will be 60 cents per word; no charge will be collected from the addressee in Yunnan. The service is, however, liable to interruption owing to atmosphere disturbances and messages are accepted at sender's risk.

Commencing 12th June the radio telegraphic rate between Hongkong and Canton was reduced to 20 cents (Hongkong currency) per word. No charges will be payable by addressees at either end.

Dutiable articles forwarded by letter post to Great Britain are liable to confiscation by the Customs. Such articles should be forwarded by parcel post only.

Letters and postcards for Europe and the British Isles are forwarded via Siberia if so superscribed.

The Public are reminded that the 1 cent rate for circulars for addresses in the Colony or Weihaiwei applies only when such circulars are posted in batches of not less than ten of uniform size and weight, by being delivered to an officer of the Post Office.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Date
Saigon	Chenonceaux	August 1.
Japan	Arafura	August 1.
Shanghai	Paul Leant	August 1.
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai	Pres. Madison	August 1.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers, London 5th July, and Parcels, 28th June.)	Kalyan	August 2.
Straits	Nam Sang	August 4.
Manila	Empress of Canada	August 5.
Australia and Manila	Tanda	August 8.

OUTWARD MAILS.

For	Per	Date and Time.
Manila	Emp. of Canada	Tues. July 31, 8.30 p.m.
Sam Shui and Wuchow	Kwong Ying	Tues. July 31, 4 p.m.
Manila	Pres. Cleveland	Tues. July 31, 4.30 p.m.
Saigon	"Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles.	Wed., Aug. 1, K. P. O.
	Registration	10 a.m.
	Letters	1 p.m.
	G. P. O.	
	Registration	12.45 p.m.
	Letters	1.30 p.m.
	(Due Marseilles 2nd September.)	
Hongkong	Wed., Aug. 1, 10.30 a.m.	

Java via Sourabaya	Tillicbeer	Wed., Aug. 1, 2.30
Shanghai	Chinkiang	Wed., Aug. 1, 4.30
Hoihow and Halphong	Menado Maru	Thurs., Aug. 2, 8.30
Straits	Van Heutz	Thurs., Aug. 2, 10.30
Japan and *Victoria B.C.	Talhybius	Thurs., Aug. 2, 10.30
Swatow	Hydrangea	Thurs., Aug. 2, 2.30
Shanghai	Chen On	Thurs., Aug. 2, 4.30
Amoy	Namsang	Thurs., Aug. 2, 5

Manila, Sandakan, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island	Arafura	Fri., Aug. 3, 2 p.m.
	Parcels	Aug. 3, 2 p.m.
	Registration	Aug. 3, 2 p.m.
	Letters	Aug. 3, 2 p.m.
	(Due Thursday Island 18th Aug.)	
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haining	Fri., Aug. 3, 2 p.m.
Amoy	Namsang	Fri., Aug. 3, 5 p.m.

Shanghai and Europe via Siberia	Suiyang	Fri., Aug. 8, 8.00
Holhow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Tean	Sat., Aug. 4, 8.00
Shanghai, Japan, and Europe via Siberia	Kalyan	Sat. Aug. 4, 10.00
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Kashmir	Sat., Aug. 4, 10.00
	K. P. O.	

Parcels	Aug. 8, 4.00
Registration	Aug. 4, 9
Letters	Aug. 4, 10
G. F. O.	
Parcels	Aug. 8, 5
Registration	Aug. 4, 9.45
Letters	Aug. 4, 10.30
(Due Marseilles 2nd Sept.)	

Swatow	Chak Sang Wed., Aug. 8, 10.30 a.m.
	* Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

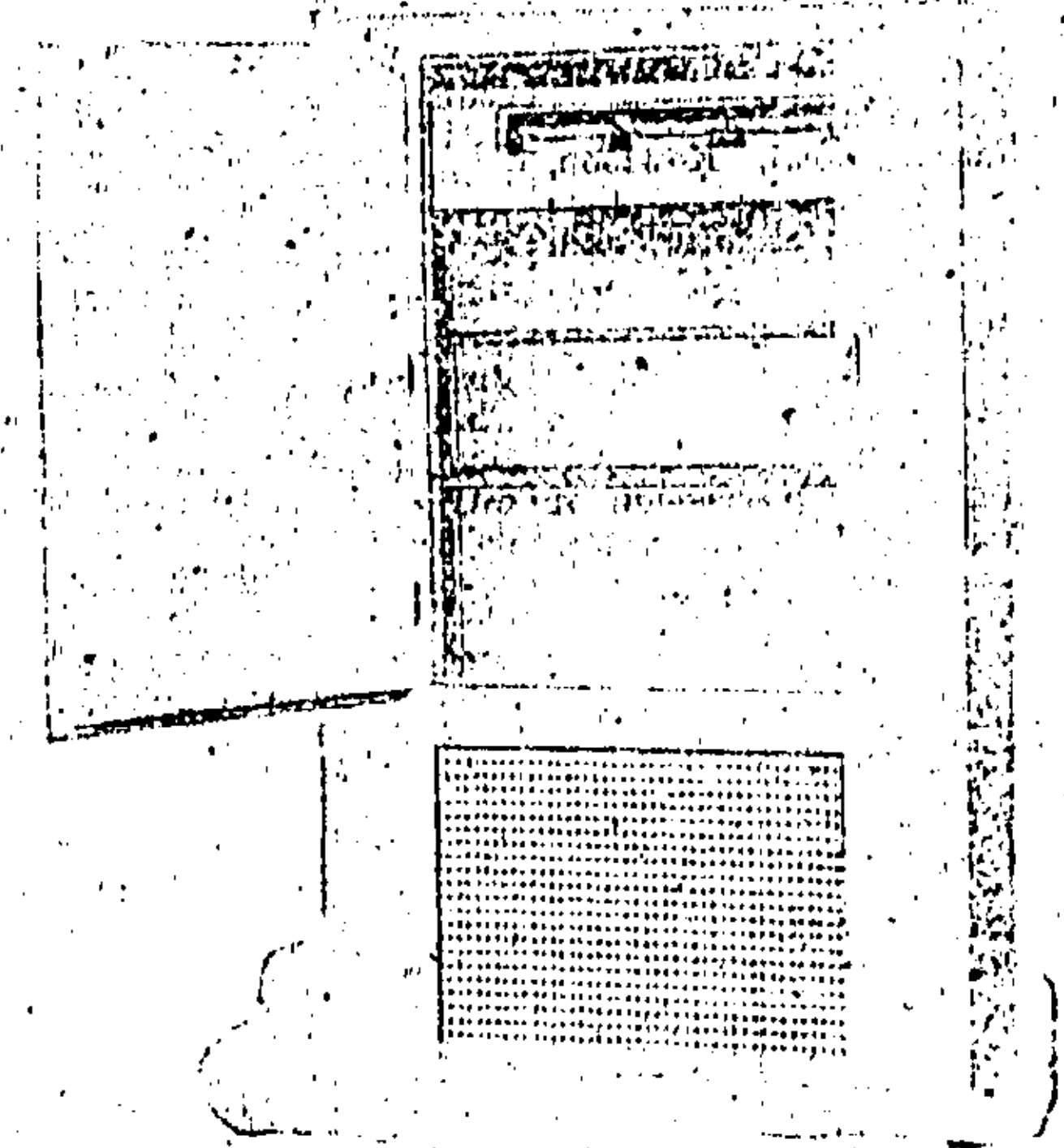
A naval target 300ft. long, which broke away from tug and was driven ashore at Whitecanda, on the Haddington coast, is being broken up.

Of 604 women who have qualified for the medical profession in the last ten years, a few retired on marriage and about 6 per cent. are temporarily unemployed.

Kelvinator

Electric Refrigeration

OR
"HIRE PURCHASE SYSTEM"
ENJOY ITS CONVENIENCE
WHILE YOU PAY



INSTALLED IN YOUR HOME WITHIN 24 HOURS
—AND PAY FOR IT OUT OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD
BUDGET.

For particulars apply to:—

REISS, MASSEY & CO., LTD.
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—Is it the new Coat?
No the old one.
—Is it dry Cleaned?
By whom?
Where?

You are like the people
coming from Jerusalem.

Have your never heard that the

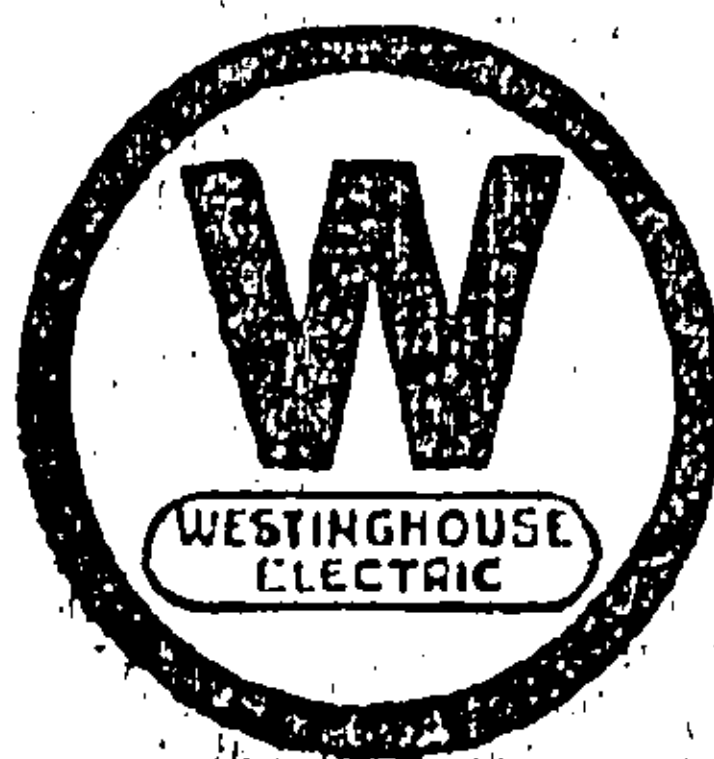
The International Cleaners are here?

19, Wyndham Street, 145, Wong Nei Chong Road, 56, Nathan Road,
Hongkong. Happy Valley. Kowloon.

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SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS, SHIP CHANDLERS
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PHONE: CENTRAL No. 1116. Wing Woo Street, Tel. Central 25.



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HAIR WAVING IN THE COLONY

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WOMAN'S WORLD

FOR OUR LADY READERS.

Perfumed Baths.

AT VERY LITTLE COST.

After a day of great mental or physical stress a perfumed bath is particularly refreshing. Ordinary bath salts, perfumes, particularly eau-de-Cologne or lavender water, or the well-dried rind of an orange or lemon may be used in the water.

A most refreshing and inexpensive bath may be made by using bran and lemon. The usual method for this bath is to take two tablespoonfuls of bran, place it in a small bag made of butter muslin or a similar material and add the shredded rind of half a lemon (preferably rind which has been dried for two or three days). The bag should then be tied up and placed in a quart of boiling water, where it should be allowed to remain for about half an hour. Then pour the liquid into the bath. The bag containing the bran and lemon may also be thrown in to the bath, and used as a flesh glove, and it will be found to have a most whitening and softening effect on the skin.

By the use of oatmeal and orris-root another fragrant bath may be made. Take two tablespoonfuls of oatmeal to one of orris-root and place in a muslin bag. Then place the bag in a quart of hot water for about ten minutes; squeeze the bag till all the white, milky liquid has been extracted, and add this liquid to the bath. The bag may be used as a flesh glove during the bath.

A sage and lavender bath is exquisite, and for this purpose place a tablespoonful each of dried sage leaves and lavender tops in a muslin bag, and add half a tablespoonful of well-dried orange peel. The bag should then be tied up and placed in a quart of boiling water where it should be left until the water becomes cold. Then squeeze the bag and add the water to the bath. After squeezing, the bag may be hung up to dry, and will then be quite suitable for use a second time.

Present-Making.

In his foreword to "The Book of Catherine Wells," Mr. H. G. Wells describes as one of the lovable characteristics of his wife, her way of making presents.

There are, as most of us know, people who have a sort of genius for giving the right present, while others, and many of us feel that we must count ourselves among the afflicted, seem to be totally without the instinct which prompts the suitable gift.

Mrs. Wells used her imagination in making her gifts, and sometimes a present would take the form of a holiday for a tired worker, a pretty dress for someone who needed it for some particular occasion, or some other surprise that came just when it was most likely to be appreciated.

Most of us feel that we could do that kind of thing too, and enjoy doing it, if only we had the means; but the trouble is that most of our present-giving is done on purely conventional lines, and does nobody very much good.

But the making of gifts really can be as great a joy to one-giver as to the receiver.

If you really want to enjoy present-giving, however, you must, I think, follow the example of Mrs. Wells, and give unexpectedly the thing that is longed for, to someone who will not, as a matter of convention or independence or pride, send you by the next post something of as nearly equal value as possible.

"POLITICAL" MATERIAL



THE VERY LATEST
THING-GO
TO APPEAR
IN PRINT

ARE THE
LADIES IN THEIR
"PARTY"
DRESSES!

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The Invalid's Tray.

AIM AT VARIATION.

Even where healthy people are concerned the pleasant appearance of food and table stimulate appetite. How much more important, then, it is that the invalid's tray should be the last word in dainty charm. Variation, too, is a good thing at which to aim so that the patient doesn't get to think of it as the same old tray and the same old tray cloth meal after meal. The delightful paper napery that can be bought nowadays is most suitable for the sick room because it is colourful, different, and it doesn't matter a scrap how often the patient has an accident and unsets cups and glasses. The one who is doing the sick nursing can remove the debris with a perfectly genuine smile.

A couple of small coloured rubber mats are useful on the sick room tray, too. They prevent dishes from slipping, which makes the tray not only more easily carried upstairs but easier for the invalid, too, for feeding in bed is not the most comfortable way of taking nourishment.

If the patient has been promoted to two or more courses, take them to the room separately. The sight

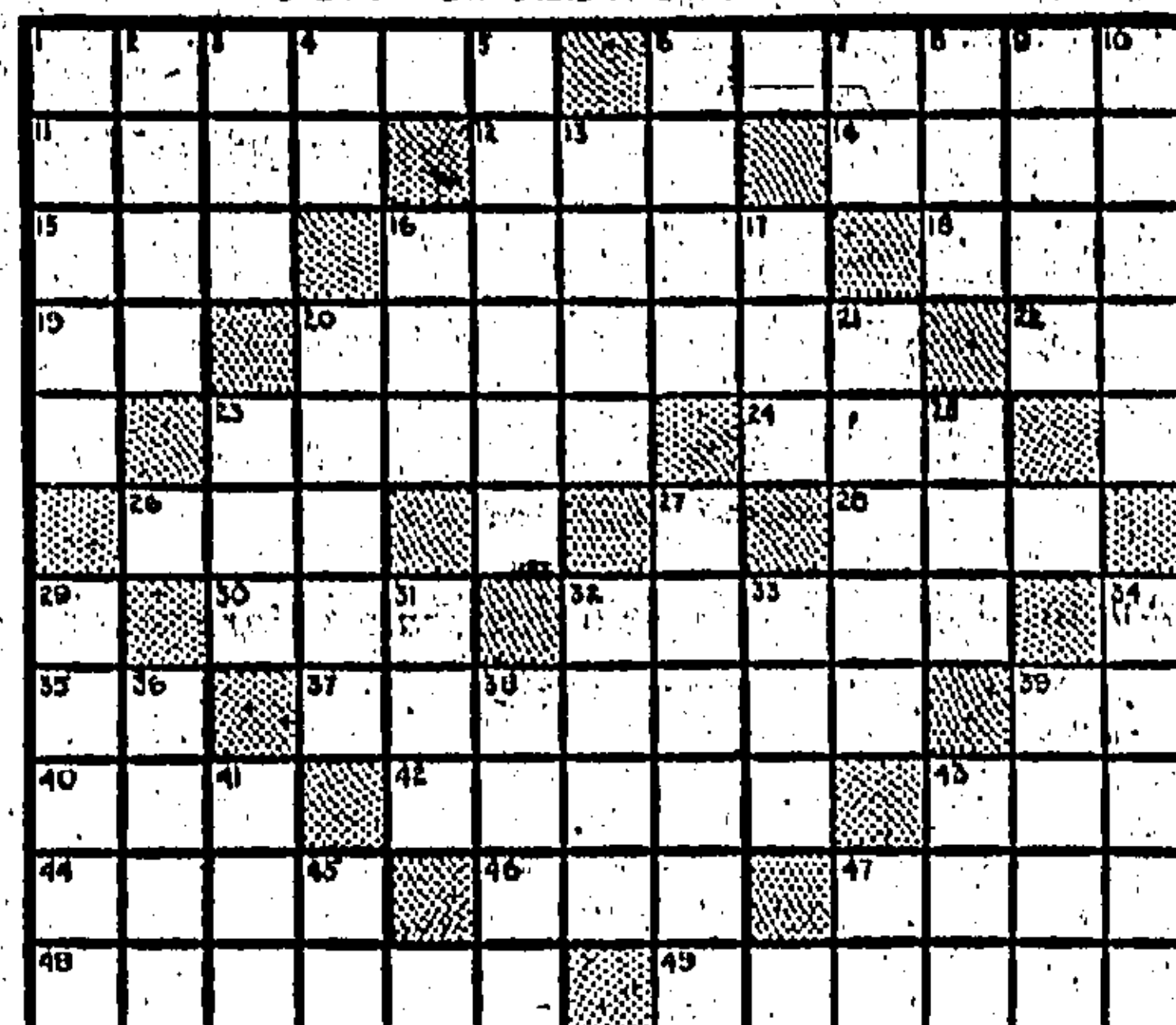
Cretonne Slippers.

SEEN IN MANY PATTERNS.

Cretonne is now so extensively used for coverings that it is not surprising to see bedroom slippers made from this material. These slippers are quite cheap, and look nice and are good enough for the bedroom when on holiday. They last far longer than the duration of the average holiday, however, and are very cool to wear. This makes them ideal summer-slippers, although something more cosy to the foot may be desirable in colder weather. Colours are fashionable for footwear this summer, and many of the newer shoes of white drill or buckskin are ornamented with coloured piping or strapping. Cretonne slippers for street-wear are seen in many patterns, and some of them look daintily, while others seem rather too pronounced for footwear, but they are made in sufficient variety to suit all tastes.

of too much food, or even the smell of several kinds at once is sufficient to offend the capricious appetite of a sick person.

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



Horizontal.
1 In what town did Jacob have the vision of angels ascending and descending a ladder? (Bib.)
6 In what territory was commercial business transacted by radio for the first time in the world?
11 To declare positively.
12 The eye.
14 A steep ravine.
15 A young goat.
16 To rub clean by friction.
18 Pin.
19 Dolly.
20 To soil by splashing.
22 You and I.
23 To mention.
24 Accomplished.
26 Correlative of neither.
28 A watch pocket.
30 Tiny green vegetable.
32 Cleanse the eyes of hawks in falconry.
35 Stop.
37 To dispute angrily.
39 Mother.
40 To total.
42 To maintain.
43 To implore.
44 Midday.
46 Self.
47 Evergreen tree.
48 To what country does Croto belong?
49 What is the name of rain cloud extending over the entire sky in seasons of continued rain?

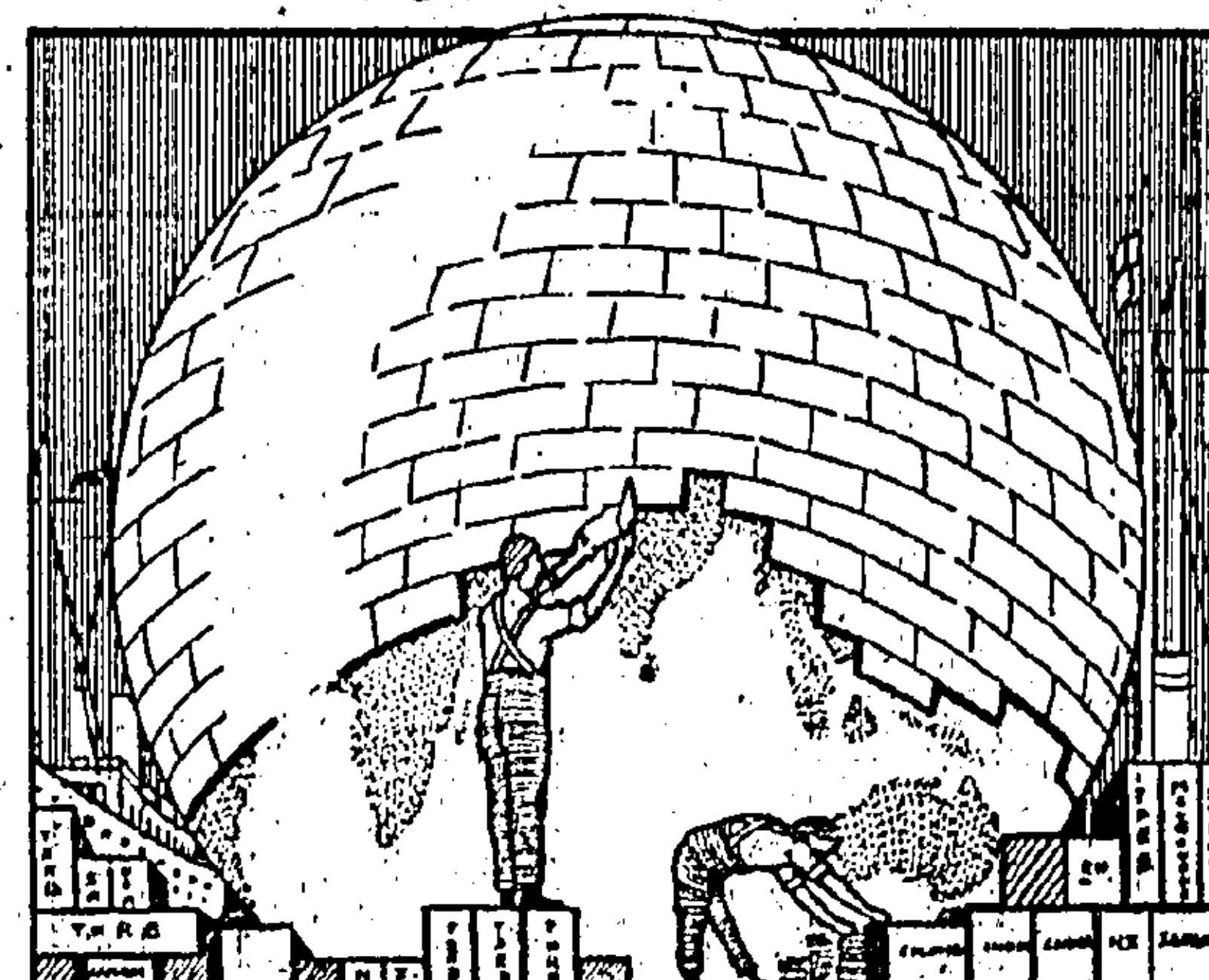
Vertical.
5 To discover the position of.
6 To border on.
7 Morindin dye.
8 To drink slowly.
9 Was acquainted with.
10 What is a "Soraphin"?
13 A memorized role.
16 Mineral spring.
17 Carmine.
20 To scatter.
21 A firearm.
23 To sleep in.
25 Dower property.
27 An army.
29 What Chinese dictator was forced to withdraw from Peking recently?
31 Portion of a circle.
32 Decayed tooth.
33 Tree.
34 Splend.
36 Small.
38 Opposite of sweetener.
40 Bill of fare.
41 Female of the fallow deer.
43 Child's napkin.
45 Point of compass.
47 What two letters indicate afternoon time?

Yesterday's Solution.

PENN	TAC	DIAZ
ONE	LOYAL	TIE
LO	HIT	PAY
N	DALN	DEW
CO	SATIRE	ME
ARM	CHAIN	GAL
RAVS	EGG	PERI
C	ROW	ARM
G	IN	TRAIL
ANA	TRAIL	NEE
HUDSON	DANIEL	

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WALL TILING TO SUIT ALL TYPES OF
BUILDINGS
LEADLESS WHITE OF THE HIGHEST GRADE
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FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

LEAVING
ST. HELENA
EARLY LAST
EVENING, ON
A BOAT SAILING
DIRECT FOR
CAPE TOWN,
FRECKLES AND
UNCLE HARRY
ARE NOW ON
THE LAST
LEG OF THEIR
TRIP TO AFRICA
WHILE IN THE
MEANTIME
BACK HOME

OSGIE'S ALWAYS SAYIN'
NOBODY BUT FRECKLES
EVER TOOK A BIG TRIP
WHEN I WENT AWAY
OCEAN AN' EVERYTHING
WATIL I SHON HIM
THESE SNAPSOTS!

JUST TAKE A LOOK AT
THESE, IF YOU THINK I
DIDN'T SEE SOME THINGS
WHEN I WENT AWAY
LAST SUMMER—THERE'S
THE WHITE HOUSE I
TOOK AT WASHINGTON!

SHOW HIM
WASHINGTON'S
MONUMENT, SLIM!

WHAT'S
THAT
NOW?

WHY, THAT'S A
PICTURE OF THE
WASHINGTON
MONUMENT!!

WELL, IT CERTAINLY
DOESN'T LOOK A BIT
LIKE HIM!!

A Poor Likeness

By Blosser

WATSON'S celebrated PRICKLY HEAT LOTION

An infallible remedy—affords *immediate* relief and effects speedy cure.

Well known throughout the East and Far East for over Fifty years.

Reduced prices:—
Per Bottle 50 cents & \$1.00

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THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

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Peter Dawson
George Baker
Harry Dearth

ORGAN SOLOS by

Arthur Meale
Reginald Foort
Reginald Goss-Gustard F.R.C.O.

BAND SELECTIONS by

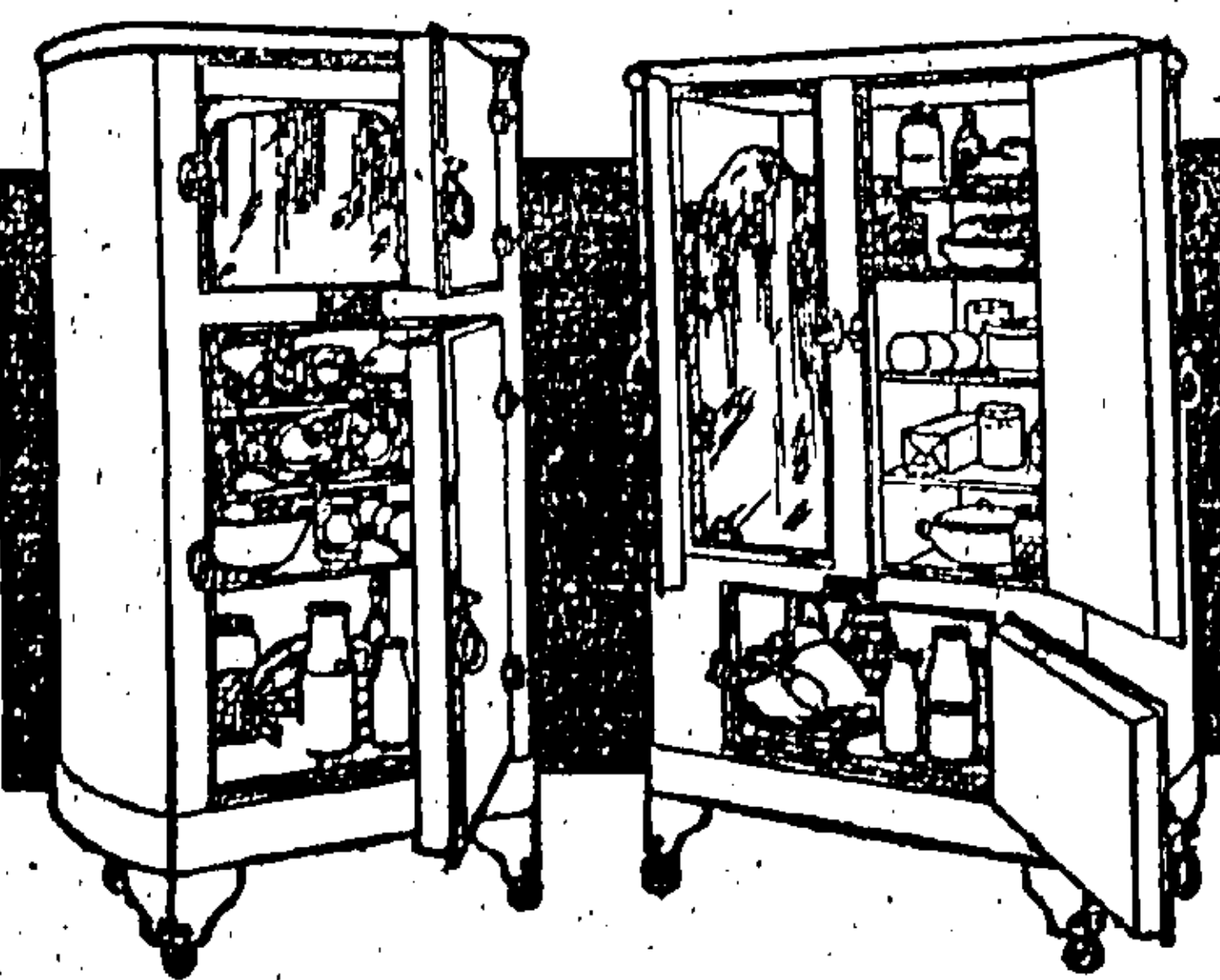
H. M. Coldstream Guards Band.

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15/16 CONNAUGHT ROAD, C.

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

TUESDAY, JULY 31, 1928.

TREATY RIGHTS.

The Treaty revision question between the Powers and China would appear to be reaching a stage of the utmost gravity. At the moment, Japan and Italy are most actively concerned in the issue, but the problem is one which affects the whole structure of China's international relations. It is to be regretted, therefore, that it is being dealt with piecemeal. What will puzzle the layman is why the Treaty Powers, as a body, have got adrift on this question of paramount importance to each and all, and why it is that each nation is being left to fight out its own battles. The agreements in dispute, although generally referred to as Commercial Treaties, really deal with the whole basis of foreign relations with China, so that when the Nationalists renounce those which have expired, the effect is to take away, at one stroke, all the rights which foreigners have previously enjoyed under the abrogated Treaties. One would have thought, in the circumstances, that the machinery contemplated under the Washington Nine-Power Treaty for full and frank discussion between the Powers on any issues which affected them all, would have been called into being long ere this for the purpose of arriving at unanimity of action. The very fact that the Treaty Powers have agreed to the principle of equal treatment for all nations is in itself the best possible argument that could be adduced for dealing collectively with this Treaty revision question.

Whether the Nationalist Government thinks it may profit by getting the Powers into different camps on this issue, we would not care to say. But by endeavouring to deal individually with the affected nations it has certainly raised a regular hornet's nest. Japan and Italy are at one on the question. They take the stand that China has no right to abrogate the expired Treaties until new understandings have been reached. Both are prepared to negotiate on revision, but they insist on the restoration of the status quo (by the cancellation of the abrogation decrees) as a pre-requisite of any negotiations for the conclusion of new treaties. The Japanese Minister to China, in the statement which we published

ed yesterday, accuses the Nationalists of a breach of international good faith and charges them with scheming to get rid of Japan's Treaty rights. He asserts that Japan will never bow to the Nationalists' ruling and talks of every possible step being taken to fight out the issue. The Italian statement is equally to the point, though less vigorously worded, and intimates that the Italian Government is bound to protect the interests of its nationals by such means as it considers opportune. When we remember that extra-territoriality and other equally vital points are involved in the dispute, it is easy to understand the outspoken character of the Japanese and Italian protests. How the impasse is to be overcome we cannot see, unless the Nationalist Government adopts a less stubborn and less aggressive attitude.

The fact that the United States has already come to an agreement with the Nationalists unhappily does not help the situation. It is true that this understanding only relates to tariffs, but, as we remarked yesterday, there is nothing to be gained by separate negotiation on a matter in which equality of treatment is sought by all the Powers. There is talk, as we write, of the United States desiring to conclude other understandings with the Nationalist Government, presumably on larger issues still. It is to be hoped, however, that in these matters which affect the whole question of foreign rights in China, the Powers will once again get together and act in unison. Any other policy is almost bound to have results of a most undesirable character.

Cables and Wireless.

If any justification existed for complaints of the long delay in the issue of a report by the Imperial Cable and Wireless Conference, full atonement has been made by the nature of the recommendations now submitted for Parliamentary approval. An extraordinarily complex problem has been tackled resolutely along revolutionary lines, and the result has been well worth waiting for. The Conference has presented a scheme simple in construction, and yet boldly comprehensive. The wonder is that no-one ever thought of it before. If the recommendations are adopted—and the unanimity achieved, a tribute to the Conference in itself, illustrates how favourable are the prospects—a new era in Empire communications will be ushered in, more firmly linking the Dominions to the Mother Country. The Imperial Conference has ventured a solution of the problem by suggesting the elimination of State ownership, which will be the principal lever of the Opposition, and the formation of two companies, a Merger Company, which will ensure unity of control, and a Communications Company, which will take over and operate all existing services as a private enterprise. The vast amalgamation is sufficient guarantee of its success. Wasteful competition will be eliminated, countless economies can be effected by closer co-ordination between the various systems, and the ultimate result should be cheaper rates. Any doubts are solely concerned with the wisdom of the sale of State-owned lines to a private combine, thus leaving the road open for what we might call monopoly rates and therefore, big profit-making at the expense of the public. Certain safeguards are, however, provided and they seem on consideration to be adequate. Any profit above a normal 6 per cent. is to be divided and one half devoted to the reduction of rates, while it is notable that no increase can be made without the sanction of an Advisory Committee on which the Government will be represented. In the absence of detail, it is impossible to forecast how Hongkong is likely to be affected by the fusion of interests. An ambitious scheme for the development of wireless broadcasting was outlined recently by Mr. L. H. King, the head of the Electrical Department of the P.W.D. If the commercial wireless services operated by the Hongkong Government are embraced by the Imperial Conference scheme, it seems likely that a boon will be conferred inasmuch as the local Government will be in a position to devote more time and attention to the development of broadcasting.

EXCELSIOR

or, The Climber.

A SIMPLE STORY BY
ELINOR SLIM.

CHAPTER I.

Eunice was not beautiful and had thick ankles, but when she was dressed in her best frock, she looked quite smart and almost like a real lady. She lived with her father and mother in a little house called "The Cedars" at Upper Tooting, which is a very respectable district though the rates are criminal, so father said. Eunice was tired of it all, but though she had tried hard to get a husband she had not managed it. Father blamed her because she had missed her chances during the War when all the men on leave thought they would probably get killed anyhow.

Thirty-three is a pretty good age at the best of times, and competition is simply fierce nowadays. The Vicar was a nice man who did his best to get her off, but there were so many girls in the market in Upper Tooting. Eunice used to help at the Church Bazaar, and even thought of taking a class at Sunday School, but she decided not to bother because curates get so little money these days, and the Superintendent, who was a greengrocer, wasn't really a gentleman.

Things were looking pretty hopeless when one day her married sister, home on leave from Shanghai, which is somewhere in China said, "Why not come out East and try your luck?"

Eunice had been hinting at this for a long time, so she said, "Oh, my dear I couldn't possibly think of it, leaving mother all alone, and what about the fare?"

"Oh," said Angela, which was her sister's name, "Mother won't mind, she's been at me about it ever since I came home, and I think we could wangle the fare somehow."

Mother cried a bit when they told her the idea, but father didn't even pretend to be sorry.

"Look after yourself my girl," he said, "and mind them handits, and you might even go and marry one of those Chinese mandolines."

Angela found some well-to-do friends of hers named Glummicksteins to take Eunice on as a sort of governess.

The Glummicksteins had been home on leave for six months with two children and badly wanted a real.

So Eunice was to look after the children on the voyage back to Shanghai, and the Glummicksteins were to pay her fare. They were business people and Eunice signed a contract for two years at £50 a year and her keep, which is not bad for a governess.

There were not many lady passengers on board and Eunice thoroughly enjoyed the voyage. She won the first prize in the Mixed Double Duck Quizzes, and the booby prize in the Treasure Hunt.

In the latter competition she got lost in the baggage room and some of the other women who were jealous tried to make a scandal about it.

She had a nice voice and the way she sang "There" at the concert brought tears to the eyes of the Chief Officer, who was very musical. "Under the Deodar," which she gave as an encore, was also a great success, and nearly brought the ship down, so the Captain said.

There were quite a few likely men on board from the Malay States who had been home to get married and left it till too late, but Eunice did not want to be buried alive on a rubber plantation with nothing but snakes and latex to look at, and gin to drink, so she just used them for practice and concentrated on the men who were going back to China.

There were two possibilities who got off at Hongkong and Eunice was careful to say "Goodbye" to them both very affectionately, but separately.

She gave them her sister's address in Shanghai and told them how she'd love to get their letters. They both promised to write but neither of them did. So she wrote to them.

She really liked the Shanghai men much better. They were not so stodgy and wore lots more fun, but once they got back to their old haunts, they all turned out to be absolutely useless.

Two of them who she had put down as "probables" did not even call and see her, and one of them was actually seen dancing at the Palais de Dance with Russian girls at 50 cents a time. It was such a pity, but it showed they were not really nice men.

Angela did her best for Eunice and had lots of parties and things

DAY BY DAY.

GREAT MINDS, LIKE HEAVEN, ARE PLEASED IN DOING GOOD, THOUGH THE UNGRATEFUL SUBJECTS OF THEIR FAVOURS ARE BARRER IN RETURN.—Rousseau.

For having in his possession one and a half tael of prepared opium at Sai Kung Road, Kowloon City, a Chinese was fined \$12 by Mr. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

Mrs. White, manageress of the Kowloon Hotel, made a report to the police yesterday to the effect that Capt. Masson, a resident at the Hotel, age about sixty, has been missing since Friday.

The master of a tailor shop at No. 19, Nathan Road, Kowloon, has reported to the police that sometime yesterday, an other akin fur collar, valued at \$45, was stolen from his shop.

A sampan woman, who was charged before Mr. R. E. Lindell this morning with possession of 100 taels of prepared opium, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$7,000.

About Hong Kong.

Do you know that—

Hongkong has had a variety of currency in its time?

The first proclamation issued on the subject was in March, 1842, when Sir Henry Pottinger declared that 2½ Company's rupees should be equal to one dollar. In the following month, at the suggestion of the leading British firms, a further proclamation was issued, declaring the Mexican or other Republican dollar to be the standard in all matters of trade, unless otherwise particularly specified.

In 1846, another proclamation was issued ordaining that legal tender should be gold, silver and copper coins of the United Kingdom; the gold mohur at 25s. 2d.; the Spanish, Mexican and other American dollars at 4s. 2d.; rupees at 1s. 10d.; and cash at the rate of 280 to one shilling.

In 1853, a proclamation was issued by Queen Victoria making the coins of the United Kingdom current in Hongkong.

In 1866, the coins minted by the Hongkong Mint were recognised, and, later, as now, those minted in England for Hongkong.

or in default, eight months' hard labour. The contraband was found in a junk which was lying at the Causeway Bay typhoon shelter yesterday. The Court ordered the vessel to be confiscated.

Cinema-goers who wish to see "The Midnight Rose," the Gold Const drama at the Queen's Theatre to-day and to-morrow, should note that, while there will be movie performances at 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 and 9.20 p.m. as usual to-day, there will be no 9.20 p.m. movie performance to-morrow, the world famous magician Long Tack Sam beginning his season of four nights at 9.20 p.m. to-morrow.

Remarking that he had forgotten a previous conviction on account of his illness since his discharge from prison, a Chinese convicted of burglary at No. 559, Nathan Road yesterday, admitted this morning at the Kowloon Magistracy that he had been in gaol for larceny three years ago. The defendant, who, it will be remembered, pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing a jacket from the verandah of the first floor of No. 559, Nathan Road, was sentenced to two months' hard labour.

very bring her out, but they both very soon realised that it would not do for her to be a governess in Shanghai.

The Glummicksteins were inclined to be unpleasant about the contract, but Angela's husband made that all right by putting Glummickstein up for the Kiljoy Country Club which was the most select in Shanghai, and which he was very anxious to join. So they let Eunice off.

However, it was still very difficult to find anyone who was well enough off, and yet not absolutely demoralised, by those awful Russian women up there. The competition was too keen. So Eunice went on writing to the two men down in Hongkong who had answered her chatty notes.

The one who responded best was a Mr. Kettle who had a good position in a piece goods firm. She told him how she hated the fast life up in Shanghai, and how she was longing to see once again the sparkling lights of Hongkong by night.

(To Be Continued.)

The Very Idea!

A novel method of announcing the birth of a daughter has been adopted by Mr. Randall Gould, United Press manager in Manila. This takes the form of a leaflet (issued to friends) on the outside page of which is a photograph of the baby taken fifteen hours after its birth. Inside is a Press announcement in the following terms: Manila, July 13.—Miss Cynthia Gould made a perfect landing at St. Luke's Hospital here shortly before 7 o'clock this evening. She was full of pep and holler, and weighed 8-1/4 pounds—ringside.

As soon as Matar had counted her toes and found all present or no-counted for, Miss Gould was carried in triumph procession through the halls. A strange man halted the march. When informed of his identity, Miss Gould manifested disgust and remarked:

What a tough break for a young girl trying to get along. Phooie! That thing my Dad! Well, thank God for Doc Watson—he says heredity is just a lot of bolony. When do we eat?

Miss Gould at once assumed manageryship of the Manila Bureau of the United Press and said she thought she and the office assistant could handle affairs nicely.

The lady who had some culture, but not too much, was describing the adventure of her husband, who had been in Italy at the time of an earthquake.

"It was awful," she declared, in tense tones. "When Jim went to bed everything was perfectly quiet. And then, when he woke up all of a sudden there beside him was a yawning abyss!"

Judge Cluer, at Shoreditch (to solicitor who repeated a question): Why twice? It means, "The old judge is not listening, so I'll make him hear it twice."

"If you have a mania for fresh air, you should live at the top of a street somewhere," said Judge Cluer at Shoreditch. County Court to a man who was stated to be constantly opening a landing window.

Mr. Clarke Hall, at Old-street: When there is a likelihood of a man being sent to prison he always seems able to get a job. It makes me very suspicious.

Debtor at Westminster County Court: I cannot pay. I'm in trouble with the income tax. Judge Sir Alfred Tobin: I'm afraid we all are.

Veronica, your taste in dress is rather loud, you must confess. Think of the frock you wore last week.

That horsey check which you called chic.

Alas! Each time I looked at it I tried to think of words to fit.

'Twas like a crossword puzzle which I could not solve, there seemed some hitch.

But though it is a dress I hate I feel it is appropriate.

For now that I have seen the bill—

A heavy one—I'm puzzling still. On how it's going to be paid, A cross words problem, I'm afraid!

Some English peers confess to the most surprising accomplishments. Lord Knutsford, the "Prince of Beggars," as the chairman of the London Hospital is known, designs his own shirts. Lord Knutsford is said to be the best knitter in the Peerage and makes his own socks, while Lord Listowel and Lord Gainsford are experts with the needle. Lord Ennismore, Lord Listowel's eldest son, who comes of age this month, is a skilled embroiderer.

Counsel at Bow County Court to a witness: You say you cannot do heavy work because of pains in the head and giddiness. In August last you were sent to prison for a month for having, prior to your accident in June, made a false statement in getting relief from the Poplar Board of Guardians?

Witness: Yes.

Were you put on hard labour?—No, I complained to the prison doctor about my head and he put me on light work.

What was that?—Picking Army canvas pillow slips: picking the stitches out for the slips to be made into another size.

Judge Owen Thompson, K.C.: Picking stitches out of a pillow slip is not hard labour. (Laughter.)

Witness: No, I found it very light.

His Honour: And did you sit down at it?—Oh yes. (Laughter.)

Murphy—"Did ye hear that poor Casey's dead?"

O'Flaherty—"Ye don't say so?"

Murphy—"Yes, an 'o's left all 'e ad to the poorhouse."

O'Flaherty—"Ow much did he lave?"

Murphy—"A wife an' ten children."

Passengers arriving here by the Empress of Canada included Mrs. B. D. F. Bell, Mrs. W. J. Hawker, Mr. H. E. Phillips, Lieut. L. H. Fairclough, Mr. J. A. L. Hyde and Mr. S. O. Lewis.

TRAFFIC CASES AT
MAGISTRACY.SEQUEL TO CAR AND CYCLE
COLLISION.

PEAK OBSTRUCTION.

A collision outside No. 1 Police Station, between motor car No. 187 and motor-cycle No. 955, in consequence of which it was stated that the latter was damaged to the extent of about \$130, resulted in the car driver being summoned for reckless driving at Leighton Hill Road, before Major C. Willson at the Central Magistracy this morning.

Mr. J. M. D'Almada, Remedios watched the case on behalf of the motor-cycle driver, pending an action in the Summary Court.

Replying to the summons, the defendant admitted the offence, after which Sub-Inspector C. F. Alexander explained that the defendant's car, in passing another car, collided with the motor-cycle. At the time, the defendant was quite willing to pay compensation.

Sergeant Baker said he did not know the actual damage suffered by the motor-cycle. The driver went to the Police Station and reported the matter.

Mr. Remedios said the damage amounted to \$130 odd. In over-taking another car, the defendant was on the wrong side of the road and collided with the motor-cycle, which was coming from the opposite direction.

In inflicting a fine of \$15, his Worship said he could not make an order for compensation, but he could leave Mr. Remedios to his civil remedy.

Mr. Remedios: Yes, that is what I came here for.

Peak Obstruction.

Mr. A. Sommerfelt was the complainant in a case concerning an obstruction near the Peak Hotel garage.

Sub-Inspector Alexander said that Mr. Sommerfelt was driving a car along Stubbs' road and near the Peak Hotel the defendant had placed his car in the middle of the road, which prevented Mr. Sommerfelt from passing. He had to wait a considerable time before he could get past. There was no reason for putting the car there, as the defendant was sitting in it talking to several other Chinese.

The defendant said that he stopped there to allow a passenger to alight and added that he allowed a private car to pass him.

In reply to his Worship, Mr. Sommerfelt said the defendant's car was in the middle of the road between the Peak Hotel Garage and the place where the chairs and rickshaws were parked. He was talking to other Chinese.

A fine of \$10 was imposed.

Dangerous Driving.

Dr. G. W. Pope, Medical Officer of Health, was the complainant in a case in which a taxi-driver was charged with dangerous driving at the Star Ferry Wharf, Hongkong, on July 17.

Dr. Pope explained that he was driving along Connaught Road from East to West and as he was approaching the Star Ferry Wharf the defendant drove a taxi suddenly from a side-street right in front of his (complainant's) car.

The defendant was fined \$10.

EXCHANGE RATES.

	London, July 30.
Paris	124.05
New York	4.85 25/32
Brussels	34.90
Geneva	25.22 1/2
Amsterdam	12.08
Milan	92.80
Berlin	20.35
Stockholm	18.15
Copenhagen	18.10
Oslo	18.20
Vienna	34.42
Prague	103.92
Helsingfors	103.33
Madrid	29.62
Lisbon	23.10
Athens	37.75
Bucharest	70.75
Rio	6.20 1/2
Buenos Aires	47.7 1/2
Bombay	1/5 20/32
Shanghai	2/8
Hongkong	2/0 1/2
Yokohama	1/10 1/2
Silver (spot and forward)	27.5 1/2

—British Wireless.

A.P.C. STEAMER NOW
REFLOATED.NAVAL BOAT RENDERS
ASSISTANCE.

A naval wireless message received in Hongkong to-day states that A.P.C. motor vessel *Atalaie*, which went aground during the week-end in the vicinity of Cheng-lin, has been refloated.

H.M.S. *Gnat* went to the assistance of the ship.

office as from Friday.

AERODROME AND
HARBOUR.COUNCIL VOTE OF \$500,000
TO BE ASKED.

At Thursday's meeting of the Legislative Council, a motion will be proposed for setting aside of a sum of half a million dollars for the proposed aerodrome and harbour development.

The Hon. Colonial Secretary will move the resolution, which is in the following terms:—"Whereas by the provisions of section 3 of the Public Works Loan Ordinance, 1927, it is (inter alia) provided that the Governor may direct that any sums which may not be required for a purpose specified in the Schedule may be appropriated and applied to any other purpose there-in specified subject to such transfer of money from one item of the Schedule to any other item thereof being approved by a resolution of the Legislative Council and by the Secretary of State; and whereas His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government has directed that the sum of \$500,000, allocated to Item No. 3 of the Schedule, Other Public Works, be appropriated and applied to Item No. 2 of the Schedule, Aerodrome and harbour development; now it is hereby resolved that the approval of the Legislative Council shall be and is hereby given to the transfer of the sum \$500,000 from Item No. 3 to Item No. 2 of the Schedule."

Other business to come before the meeting will be the second readings of the Ordinances to amend the Companies Ordinance and the Widows' and Orphans' Pensions Ordinance.

MARRIED AT SIX?

"FATHER-IN-LAW" ADMITS
LACK OF CEREMONY.

"Is a girl married at the age of six years old a married woman?" was a conundrum asked by Mr. W. Schofield of Sergeant Brittain at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning when two Chinese women were charged with receiving and harbouring a 17-year-old unmarried girl without the consent of her father.

On looking at the charge his Worship asked how it was possible for the complainant to be the girl's father when their surnames were different.

Complainant said the girl was taken into his family at the age of six but his son was abroad and there had never been any actual marriage ceremony. Complainant, however, claimed that he was the girl's father-in-law.

This statement led his Worship to ask his conundrum. Continuing he said, "I fail to see how a Chinese girl in this position can be described as unmarried. If she has a father-in-law she cannot be an unmarried girl. His Worship remarked that it was usual for Hakka girls to be married at the age of five or six."

His Worship adjourned the case till to-morrow for further instructions from the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs.

LONG CRIMINAL
RECORD.MAN CHARGED WITH UNLAW-
FUL POSSESSION.

A criminal record commencing eight years ago was produced against a Chinese at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning when the man was charged with being in possession of two pairs of female trousers reasonably suspected of having been stolen or unlawfully obtained.

It was stated that the defendant had five previous convictions, the most recent being in March last. Defendant was this morning sentenced to six weeks' hard labour with the option of a fine of \$50.

Among passengers departing for Shanghai yesterday by s.s. *President Lincoln* were Madame Li Chai-sum, registered as Mrs. S. C. Lee. Others of the party were Master P. K. Lee, son, and Mrs. Koo.

A Notice to Mariners dated yesterday, is as follows:—"It is hereby notified that in the vicinity of Latitude 22.18.11 N., Longitude 114.9.17 E., a depth of water two feet less than the charted depth may be obtained. (Chart No. 1459)."

Mr. T. B. Wilson, manager of the local Dollar Line agency, sails for Manila by the s.s. *President Madison* on Saturday, and will thence book through direct for the U.S. by s.s. *President Pierce*, on leave. Mr. James will take over the duties of manager of the local

DEATH OF FORMER
CHIEF JUSTICE.SIR FIELDING CLARKE DIES
AT HOME.

PENSIONED OFFICER.

A Reuter's telegram from London, to hand this morning, records the death of Sir Fielding Clarke, former Chief Justice of Hongkong. The deceased gentleman, who was 77 years of age, was educated at King's College, London, and was called to the Bar at the Middle Temple in 1876.

He came to Hongkong in 1889 as Puisne Judge, having previously been Chief Justice at Fiji for eight years. In 1892, on the retirement of Sir John Russell, through ill-health, the deceased was appointed Chief Justice of Hongkong, being knighted in the following year.

He remained Chief Justice here until 1895, when he was appointed Chief Justice of Jamaica, a post which he held until 1911, when he retired. He has since been living at Gray's, Essex.

During his service in Hongkong, the late Sir Fielding Clarke was a member of the Commission appointed to enquire into the question of the original squatters in the Colony, and on his departure for Jamaica high appreciation was expressed in the Supreme Court at the able, impartial and independent manner in which he had discharged the duties of his office. Since 1911, the deceased had been drawing a pension of £496 10s. 1d. from the Hongkong Government.

MUSICAL GENIUS.

BLIND BOY COMPOSER WINS
PRIZE.

There is a most interesting romance behind the new valse-song "Why did you say?" which is being played at the Coliseum by the Debroy Somers Band, and the Columbia Record of which is now on sale at the Anderson Music Co. (No. 4657).

When, a few months ago, Debroy Somers was playing in Scotland, he offered a prize for the best original song. A thousand songs of various kinds were sent in, and the one chosen was "Why did you say?" which turned out to be the composition of William Neill, a poor student of Edinburgh University, who had been blind since birth, and is distantly related to Sir Harry Lauder.

Blind Organist. Although Neill is only twenty, he is a Fellow of the Royal College of Organists and a Bachelor of Music of Edinburgh University; he is now studying for the degree of master of arts and doctor of music. His early education was paid for by a blind school, and he is now meeting the cost of his classes by working as an organist and choirmaster.

On the night the prize song was played at the Edinburgh Empire the loud cheering which followed it was heard by a music publisher, who accepted the work immediately. Tens of thousands of copies had been sold within three days, and in less than three weeks it had been recorded by many of the leading dance bands of the country.

"I feel that in this poor student boy," says Debroy Somers, "I have discovered a British Irving Berlin."

SMUGGLING SPIRITS
OF WINE.JUNK FITTED WITH NOVEL
APPARATUS.

Sentence of four months' hard labour was imposed by Mr. R. E. Lindell, this morning, on a Chinese, who was charged with possession and importation of 577 gallons of spirit of wine.

The defendant was also charged with using his junk for the purpose of transporting the spirit.

Chief Preventive Officer Clarke, prosecuting, said he visited Aberdeen Harbour yesterday with a Chinese coxswain of the Revenue Department. They found a junk, in charge of the defendant, which was specially fitted up to hold the contraband, there being five different holds for the purpose.

There were outlets at the bottom of each hold, which could release the contents into the harbour, if a raid by revenue authorities made it necessary to do so. By this means the whole cargo would disappear in a few minutes.

Other interesting discoveries made by the raiders were that the junk possessed a couple of kerosene tin openers, which indicated that the oil on board came from kerosene tins. There were also four large water-tight containers which ordinarily would be used to convey peanut oil and which could have been used for smuggling the spirits of wine on shore.

The defendant on being questioned by C.P.O. Clarke at the time of the raid gave several versions of how the oil came to be on board his junk.

In answer to the Magistrate, C.P.O. Clarke stated that the spirits of wine could be used to make Chinese spirits and had also been known to be used in the concoction of an adulterated liquor sold to innocent buyers as brandy.

TWO WARRANTS.

SEQUEL TO ALLEGED
CRIMES.

A warrant for the arrest of Pak Yeung-on, alias Pak Shun-lan, age 25, has been issued by the police. The man is wanted in connexion with the alleged larceny on Saturday last of twelve old Chinese pictures, valued at \$800, the property of Mr. Tse Shu-wa, of 50, Queen's Road East.

Another warrant has been issued for the apprehension of a Chinese named Cheung Shing-wen, twenty-seven years of age, who is wanted for the alleged embezzlement of \$175, the property of Mr. Chu Ping.

FRANK ADMISSION.

CHINESE ADMITS INTENDING
TO STEAL.

Charged with the possession of a pair of pliers fit for an unlawful purpose, a Chinese, who was asked at the Central Magistracy this morning how he pleaded to the charge, replied:—"You are quite right. I had the pliers for the purpose of stealing." A bland smile accompanied the statement, but his frankness did not save him from a term of imprisonment, as his record showed convictions for stealing in 1925 as well as in 1926.

Mr. R. E. Lindell, who took the case, imposed a sentence of three months' hard labour.

CANTON'S FOREIGN
MINISTER.MR. CHU HOPES TO RETURN
TO THE SOUTH.

THE JAPAN POSITION.

Mr. Chu Chao-hsin, the newly-appointed Nationalist Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, together with Madame Li Chai-sum, left the Colony this morning by the s.s. *President Lincoln* for Shanghai, whence they will proceed to Nanking.

Interviewed by our representative on board the *President* last early this morning, Mr. Chu declared that he is going to the Nationalist capital for the inaugural ceremony as Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, but will return to Canton shortly so that he may continue taking charge of foreign affairs in South China.

Asked whether he will take up the appointment as Chinese Minister to Japan, to which he was recently nominated by the Nationalist Government, Mr. Chu replied in the affirmative. He believes, however, that he will not be required to assume this office yet and will be able to return to Canton first.

Regarding the report that the police in Canton have stopped the anti-Japanese movement in that city, Mr. Chu does not think such steps have actually been taken by Canton authorities. He remarked that the boycott against Japanese goods in Canton is an expression of the people's patriotism and there is no reason for the Government to stop such activities unless they result in an infringement of the law.

On the question of the removal of the foreign Legations from Peking to Nanking, Mr. Chu thought this should be carried out, and he believes that the disinclination of the Legations to make the move is merely because of the lack of housing and other accommodation in the new Nationalist capital.

POLICE CHIEF'S BAN ON
GUM CHEWING.HOME SECRETARY'S WHISTLE
JEST.

Metropolitan Police questions in the House of Commons passed early in the month from tragedy to comedy.

The Commissioner, Sir William Horwood, has made an order that police officers must not chew gum while on duty; and Mr. Hayes (a former member of the Force), wanted to know why this has been done.

Sir William Joynton-Licks explained that the reason for the prohibition is that in the view of the Commissioner, the chewing of gum by policemen not only invited unfavourable comment, but actually impaired their capacity to deal promptly and efficiently with many situations arising in the course of their duty.

Without challenging this, Mr. Hayes suggested that all grades of the service should be treated alike, and the Commissioner's chocolate be banned as well as humbler men's gum.

No answer was made to that, and Lady Astor came to the Minister's aid by asking whether an officer with gum in his mouth would not be unable to answer questions properly.

"That is one of the reasons why the Commissioner has prohibited it," replied the Home Secretary.

And he mentioned another risk—"in blowing a whistle, the officer might blow the gum into the whistle!"

Members laughed; and there were sober sides who plainly thought the catechism was rather below the dignity of the House.

Policemen in Parliament.

Another question (also by Mr. Hayes) turned attention to a high constitutional matter. Ought the head of the Metropolitan Police to be a member of Parliament?

The law does not permit him (or any Civil Servant) to sit in the House of Commons, but he may be a peer.

Sir William told the House that if ever he received the honour of a peerage he would welcome a policeman as a colleague in the other House.

But (in answer to Mr. Ernest Brown) Lord Byng would not reply to questions about the police in that House. As a Civil Servant he would be represented there by a Minister.

An absconding foki belonging to a shop at No. 24, Spring Garden Lane, took with him, a quantity of leather purses, valued at \$47, according to a police report. Another absconding employee mentioned in a report made by the master of the Wall Leather Factory of Shamshing, who stated that the total amount of the embezzlement by his foki was \$99.

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There is still a stock of
\$45,000
must be cleared—this is now being offered at
HALF PRICE.
Whether you require anything in wearing apparel for Ladies' or Boys' Wear or Household Furnishing you will find it at Bargain Prices.
33 1/3 % Discount.
off entire stock of Ladies' Shoes. This includes many new models only just received.
Many Oddments at \$2.50 per pair.

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HONGKONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

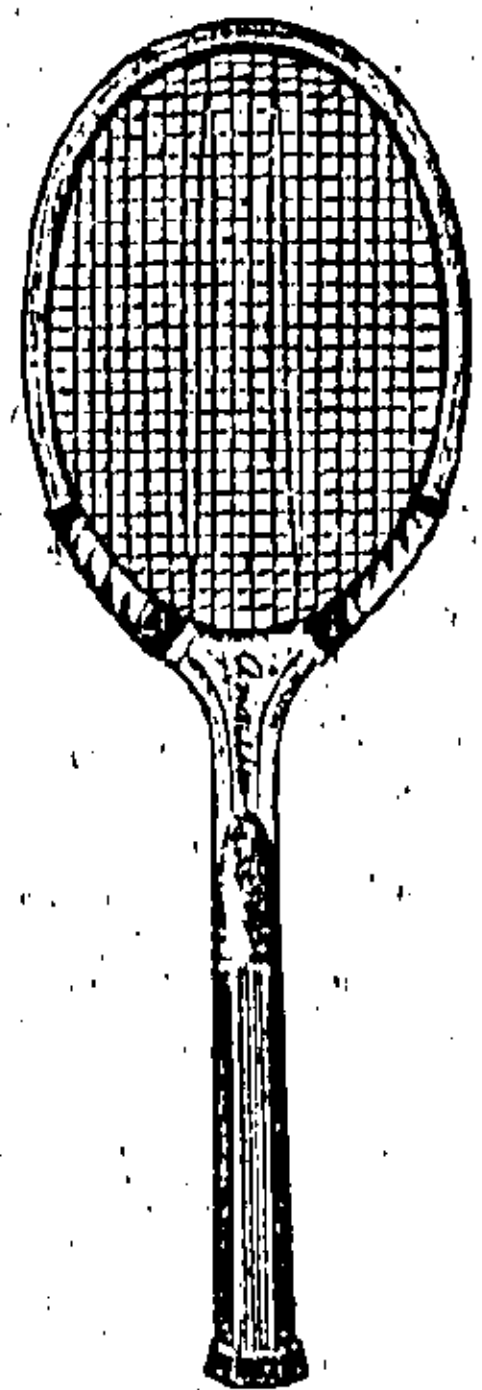
(Est 1889)

The Society exists for the purpose of relieving distress in the Colony, and strives to find work for the Unemployed.

Members of the Committee attend at the Society's Room, City Hall, every Monday and Thursday at 11 a.m. to interview applicants and to receive gifts of part-worn clothing, etc.



"I wouldn't think of stealin' watermelons from Farmer Perkins, would you?"
"Now, an' besides, they ain't ripe yet."

For The **HOLIDAY**Buy Your
New Racketat
LANE, CRAWFORD'S

THE FINEST SELECTION

at
REASONABLE PRICES.**TENNIS BALLS.****GUARANTEED FRESH**

AT COMPETITIVE RATES.

SLAZINGER'S—DUNLOP'S—AYRES.

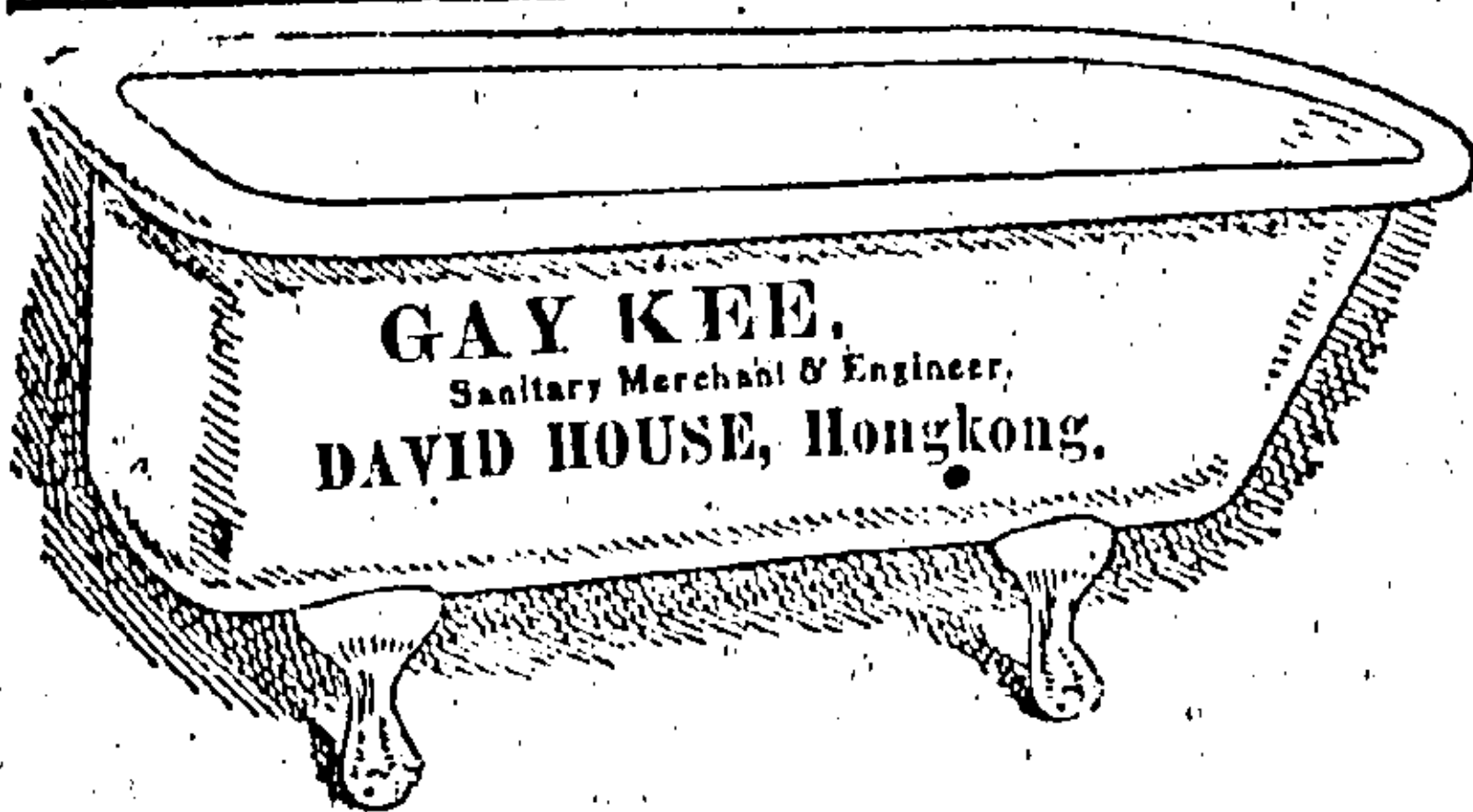
ASK AT YOUR STORE FOR **DON**
WHISKYThe old fashioned way is still very often
the best way.**DON**Whisky is distilled in the old fashioned way,
which is partly the secret of its mellow
flavour.

Sole Agents in Hongkong.

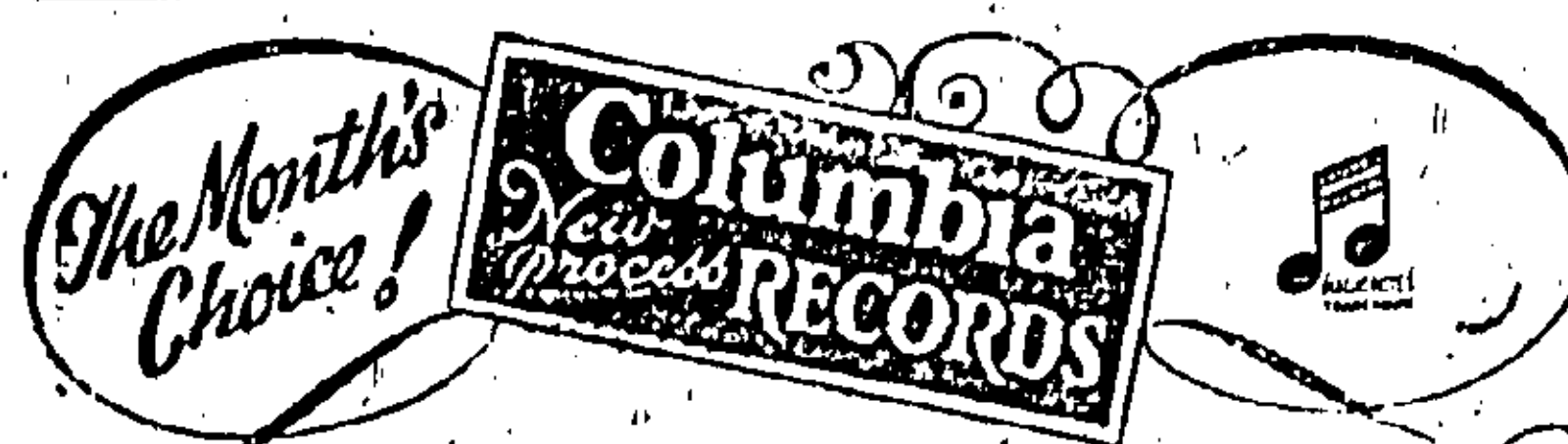
N. S. Moses & Co., Ltd.

4, Queen's Road Central.

Tel. C.1072.

**GAY KEE.**

Sanitary Merchants & Engineers.

DAVID HOUSE, Hongkong.

NEW ELECTRIC RECORDINGS

**THE WALTZ SONG THAT
WON FIRST PRIZE!**

Composed by a Blind Boy.

4657—"Why Did You Say?"—Waltz.

PLAYED BY
DEBROY SOMER'S ORCHESTRA**The Anderson Music Co.****DISARMAMENT COM-
PROMISE.**

(Continued from Page 1.)

sign was not inconsistent with the
terms of the Covenant. We had
satisfied ourselves that it was not.

We had also to satisfy our-
selves that it was not inconsis-
tent with the Treaties of Locarno.
There was no inconsistency be-
tween those treaties and terms of
American Pact, providing that all
parties to those treaties signed
also the American Treaty. We
could not be asked to act under
our Locarno guarantee unless one
of the signatories of those treaties
had already committed an act of
aggression, and if it had done so,
it had broken the Kellogg Treaty,
no less than it had broken the
Treaty of Locarno and no less than
it had broken the League of Na-
tions Treaty. There was there-
fore no contradiction, as had been
suggested, between the obligations
of the Treaty proposed by the Gov-
ernment of the United States and
the obligations of the Locarno
Powers.

Self-Defence.

As to the attitude of the British
Government on the question of
self-defence in connexion with
the Kellogg Pact, Sir Austen
Chamberlain quoted a passage
from a statement made by Mr. Kel-
logg to the effect that it was in-
herent in every sovereign State
and was implicit in every Treaty
that a nation was free to defend
its territory from attack or in-
vasion, and that it alone was com-
petent to decide when the cir-
cumstances required recourse to
war in self-defence—reservations
declaring that they were equiva-
lent to the Monroe Doctrine in the
United States.

He did not know why they
should be prophets of evil. He
did not know why they should al-
ready forecast that the whole pro-
posal was going to be wrecked by
the passage regarding self-de-
fence in the reply of the British
Government. He saw no sign of
it in the communications which the
Government had received from
America.

Our Monroe Doctrine.

Did anybody suggest that the
American Government, in propos-
ing this Treaty, meant to
abolish or to change their
policy with regard to the Monroe
Doctrine? Clearly not. In every
treaty of arbitration which the
Government of the United States
had signed, and in the very latest
model for treaties of arbitration
which they had signed, they
expressly reserved all questions
relating to the Monroe Doctrine.
The British Government were stat-
ing nothing unreasonable when
they stated there were parts of the
world where Britain, too, had a
Monroe Doctrine, because the in-
tegrity of those countries was part
of the defence of the British
Empire. Our doctrine was com-
parable exactly with what the
American Government had adopt-
ed. It was not a doctrine of
aggression, it was not a desire for
territorial expansion, but a mea-
sure of self-defence, necessitated
by the geographical conditions of
the Empire.

Much or Little.

Continuing, Sir Austen said he
did not think anyone could say
exactly the importance which this
Treaty would have in the future.
It might mean very much for the
peace of the world, but it might
mean not so much and even very
little. But it was a sign of the
times that such a Treaty should
be proposed, and it was as a re-
cognition of what was now the
attitude of all the Great Powers
towards war that such a proposal
should be welcome. We should be
only too glad to co-operate, but he
depreciated too great expectations
being formed, lest they should be
followed by too great a disappoint-
ment.

The Kellogg Treaty was a re-
cognition of the horrors of war
and of the fact that war was a thing
to which recourse was only to be
had in the last resort and for self-
defence. That was something.
How much more it would be, would
depend, not on any engagement
taken by the United States Gov-
ernment, because he assumed they
would take no engagements in
advance as to what they would do
in any particular emergency in
the future.

Rests with America.

It would depend on how the rest
of the world thought that the
United States were going to judge
the action of an aggression—
whether they were going to help
or hinder him. If American opin-
ion ranged itself behind its own
Treaty, then indeed the signature
of this Treaty would be an addi-
tional and a most formidable de-
torrent of war and an additional
and most valuable security for
peace.

That was what the British
Government hoped it might be, and
it was in that spirit, that the
British Government were glad to

HOCKEY MATCH.**VOLUNTEERS EASILY DEFEAT
THE BORDERERS.**

On the Murray Parade Ground last
evening, teams from the Machine Gun
Co. of the Defence Corps and the
Sergeants of the King's Own Scottish
Borderers met at hockey, the game
going in favour of the Defence Corps
by four goals to two.

Play was fast, but the Volunteers
were always the better. Owen
Hughes, Mitchell, Rushden and Lam-
mert were in the picture throughout
and initiated most of the first
movements. Hughes scored the first
goal within five minutes of the com-
mencement and notched a second point
after 15 minutes play. Lammert and
Hughes were the prime movers in
another play which gave McKay the
opportunity to make the third point.
A muddle in front of the goal within
a minute of time gave Stannion his
chance, and he registered another goal
with an unbeatable shot from close
in.

The Borderers were better in the
second half and shortly after the re-
sumption of play, Bruno got through
with a high shot for the Borderers.
Two minutes later Sergt. Skeggs re-
scored the second point. There was
no further scoring, but the Volunteers
were always pressing, with Hughes
and Lammert frequently being pulled
up for off side.

HONG DOUBLES.**MISKIN AND BLAKER ENTER
QUARTER FINALS.**

By defeating the Rev. Koop and the
Very Rev. Dean Swann, by 6-4 and
6-2, G. Miskin and C. Blaker qualified
for the quarter final of the Hong
Doubles yesterday.

There are two matches down for
decision today. In the first game, Lt.
Col. Wyatt and Rev. F. P. W. Alexan-
dar are matched against W. Lyons
and L. A. R. Duncan whilst in another,
court W. D. F. Wilson and R. Gordon
will try conclusions with D. J. Gil-
more and T. L. Christie.

SUMMER FOOTBALL.**THE CHINESE CIVIL SERVICE
LEAGUE.**

Playing at the Queen's College Re-
creation ground at Causeway Bay on
Saturday afternoon, the C.S.O. beat
the P.W.D. (White) by two goals to
one. On the same afternoon at the
K.C.R. ground at Kowloon, P.W.D.
(Blue) and the Kowloon-Canton Rail-
way played a drawn game.

On Sunday, at the Polo ground at
Causeway Bay, the General Post
Office beat the Sanitary Department
by ten goals.

BANK MUST TELL.**JUDGE'S RULING IN AN
INCOME TAX CASE.**

An important decision concern-
ing a banker's rights has been
given by Mr. Justice Rowlatt in the
King's Bench Division.

A special case had been stated
for the consideration of the court,
as to whether the National Pro-
vincial Bank were bound to pre-
pare and deliver lists of the names
and addresses of their customers
on whose behalf they had received
interest on War Stock, registered
in the name of the bank, but be-
longing in fact to their customers.
The bank had refused to deliver
up such lists when asked to do so
by the Commissioners of Inland
Revenue.

Mr. Justice Rowlatt said the
bank had contended that they had
not received the interest within
the meaning of the section, be-
cause, as it was received, it was
paid to the credit of the custom-
er's account, which, in effect, made
the bank a debtor for the amount.

"I think the answer of the At-
torney-General is perfectly
sound," the judge added. "In the
act of obtaining the money the
bank are acting simply as mort-
gagees." He gave judgment for
the Commissioners, with costs.

This morning's Harbour Office
reports gave the same number of
arrivals as yesterday, with ton-
nage closely approximating. Bri-
tish figures were better under all
headings, with the second best in-
ward cargo and the highest
through freight. All British ves-
sels carried cargo, but two other
nationalities returned ballast en-
tries. With 17 arrivals and 20 de-
partures, British seven and eight,
there remained 54 vessels in har-
bour, of which 21 were British.

co-operate with the United States
Government in bringing their pro-
posal to fruition.

Mr. Lloyd George replied con-
gratulating Sir Austen on certain
points of the Government policy,
after which the Foreign Office
Vote was approved.—*Telegraph and
British Wireless.*

**HONOUR AFTER 35
YEARS.****SCIENTIST'S ROMANCE IN
BIRTHDAY LIST.**

A remarkable story of a scien-
tist's tardy recognition in the
Birthday Honours List was re-
vealed recently.

A C.I.E. (Companion of the
Order of the Indian Empire) was
conferred on Dr. John Augustus
Voelcker, consulting chemist to
the Royal Agricultural Society of
England, for services which he
rendered 35 years ago.

In 1893 Dr. Voelcker was sent to
India to report on how Indian
agricultural methods could be
improved scientifically in the
effort to wipe out the threat of
famine.

In 1893 he presented his report,
and that was the last he heard of
it officially till he opened his paper
a few weeks ago and found him-
self a Companion of the Order of
the Indian Empire.

For years Dr. Voelcker's report
has been a sort of text book on
which Indian agriculturists have
reformed their industry and
driven away the bogey of famine.

Author Forgotten.

But while the tillers of the soil
were profiting by his advice and
recommendations, officials in
Silima locked the report away in
their pigeon-holes and forgot all
about the author.

Then two years ago the Linlith-
gow Commission on Indian Agri-
culture came into being. Delving
into the archives the Commission-
ers discovered Dr. Voelcker's re-
port and found that half
their work had already been done.

It was, on recommendation from
influential members of that com-
mission, that Dr. Voelcker received
that C.I.E.

"I had not the slightest hint of
the coming honour," Dr. Voelcker
told a *Daily Chronicle* representa-
tive, "and it was a great surprise
when I saw myself in the Honours
List for work done nearly 40 years
ago.

"Naturally one has mixed feel-
ings at receiving recognition after
so many years. Yes, I cannot
help feeling that I must have done
good work when they conferred
the honour on me after such a
lapse of time."

THE POLICE RESERVE.**ORDERS FOR THE CURRENT
WEEK.**

Orders by the Hon. Mr. E. D. C.
Wolfe, C.M.G., Captain Superinten-
dent of Police, stated:

Police Training School.

The weekly classes for Police
Reservists at the Police Training
School, Kowloon, will be held on
Wednesday, August 1, and Tues-
day 7th, at 6.00 p.m. sharp. All
members of the Chinese and
Indian Companies and of the Fly-
ing Squad who have not yet pass-
ed Part 2 of Training Course must
attend. Special attention is drawn
to the change in day from Wednes-
day to Tuesday in each week com-
mencing second week in August.

Squad Drill.

All recruits of the Chinese and
Indian Companies, and of the Fly-
ing Squad will parade at Central
Police Station on Thursday,
August 2nd, at 5.30 p.m. sharp for
Squad Drill under Sergeant Con-
don. Dress:—Muti.

Chinese Company.

Advanced recruits of the
Chinese Company will attend at
the Central Police Station on
Thursday, August 2nd, at 5.30
p.m. sharp for Rifle Exercises
under Sergeant Condon. Dress:—
Muti; Rifle, Belt, Frog, and Side-
Arms to be carried.

Training Course, Part 2.—Con-
stable R37 Chun Kwon Chee has
passed his examination in Part 2
of Training Course (knowledge of
Police Duties and Regulations).

Inspection Parade.—Friday, Au-
gust 10th, has been tentatively
fixed for an inspection of the
Chinese Company by the Hon.
Captain Superintendent of Police.
All members of the Company are
requested to keep this date open.
Full particulars will be announced
in next week's orders.

Strength.—The following mem-
bers of the Chinese Company are
permitted to resign:—Constable
R44 Yeung Koon Shing on com-
pleting one full year's service, with
effect from July 21st; Constable
R51 Chan Kun Ying on complet-
ing one full year's service, with
effect from July 21st; Constable
R68 Lam Sam Yuen on leaving the
Colony for good, with effect from
July 25th.

Indian Company.

The following members of the
Indian Company have passed their
examination in Part 2 of Training
Course (knowledge of Police

LORD EBBISHAM.**SIR ROWLAND BLADES TAKES
TITLE FROM EPSOM.**

Sir George Rowland Blades who
was recently created a peer has
taken the title of Baron Ebbisham
of Cobham, in the County of Sur-
rey, announces the London Gazette.

Ebbisham was the name of
Epsom in the 16th century, the
name being changed to its present
form in the 17th century. The
Manor of Epsom is still known by
the name of Ebbisham.

Sir Rowland Blades has been in-
fluenced in his decision by the fact
that he has lived in the Epsom
division for many years and has
been actively connected with its
public life and for a number of
years represented it in Parliament.
The title of Baron Epsom of
Epsom is held by Lord Rosebery.

Duties and Regulations:—Con-
stable R236 Motomall Ladhram,
passed with credit; Constable R241
Sultan Ahmed, passed.

Flying Squad.

The final instructional patrol of
the month, of the Flying Squad
Kowloon Section, will take place
on Tuesday, July 31st. Fall in at
the Tsim Tsai Fung Brigade
Station at 5.30 p.m. sharp.

Dress:—Khaki Uniform.

The weekly instructional patrol
of the Hongkong Section will take
place on Thursday, August 2nd.

Fall in at the Central Police
Station at 5.15 p.m. sharp. Dress:
—Khaki Uniform.

Sharpshooters' Company.

Revolver Night Firing Practice:
—This will be carried out on Ken-
nedy Road Range on Wednesday
evening, August 8th, at 9.00 p.m.
Members will assemble at the
Range at that hour with revolvers,
belts, and holsters. All members
should attend.

(Sgd.) W. KENT, A.S.P.
Adjutant.

**MARTIN'S
PILLS****APIOL & STEEL**

Sure and certain for all female
complaints. Every lady should
keep a box in the house.

Sold by A. S. Watson & Sons,
Chemists, and all Chemists
and Stores.

Prepared by MARTIN, Chemist, Southampton, England.

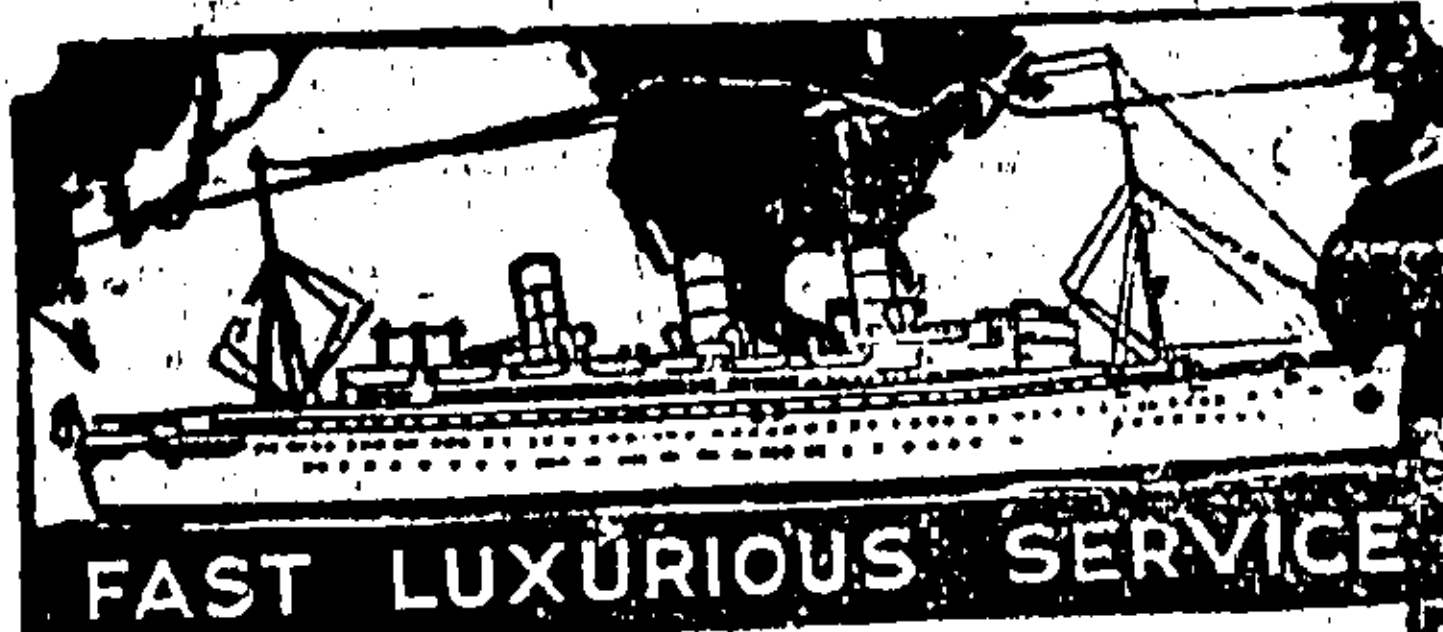
**THE HAND
OF THE MURDERER**

PHILO VANCE said to Markham: "Invite those three
men to your apartment tonight to play poker. After the
games I hope to be able to tell you which of the three murdered
Margaret Odell."

The murderer, Vance knew, was a superb gambler, the
sort of man who would risk everything if the stakes were high
enough.

To tell what happened at that game would be to tell too
soon one of the most thrillingly interesting episodes in THE
"CANARY" MURDER CASE. But when the five cards
pictured here forced four aces to drop, Vance knew that the
man who held them was Margaret Odell's murderer.

Be sure to read about it in THE "CANARY" MURDER
CASE. It is the greatest mystery story in years. It starts
on Thursday, August 2nd in the "Telegraph."



FAST LUXURIOUS SERVICE

—to America and Europe

TRAVELLERS bound for America or Europe avail themselves of speedy and comfortable service when they go Canadian Pacific.

The White-Empresses are the largest, newest and fastest liners on the Pacific. They cross from Yokohama to Vancouver in 9 days; from Shanghai to Vancouver in 14.

These ships connect with the summer trains, "Trans-Canada Limited" and "Montrealer," at Vancouver, enabling passengers to make the earliest sailing of a Canadian Pacific Atlantic line.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Next sailing to the Pacific Coast
S.S. "EMPERESS OF CANADA"
 August 8th, 1928—At 6 a.m.
WORLD'S GREAT ST. TRAVEL SYSTEM.

American Express Travelers Cheques

Definition of TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES—
 "The system of Travellers Cheques was originated in 1891 by the American Express Company with the object of creating a form of travel currency which would give the holder the security of a letter of credit and at the same time the convenience of local currency. The Company registered the cheques under the trade name of 'AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES' the word 'Travellers' being spelled with one 'l.' This advantage of the Cheques was so apparent that other banking institutions adopted the system."

Quoted from Pitman's Dictionary of Banking by Wm. Thomson. Issued in £5, £10, £20, £50, £100 and \$5 and \$10 denominations—bound in a small handy wallet, and cost only 3/4 of 1 per cent. Secure your steamship tickets, hotel reservation and itineraries; or plan your cruise or tour through—

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THE SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

SERVICE OF FAST MOTOR VISSELS

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ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG and
 COPENHAGEN, OSLO, GOTHENBURG.

M.V. "JAPAN" ... Loading about 27th Sept.
 M.V. "SUMATRA" ... 15th Oct.

SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS and VLADIVOSTOK.

M.V. "JAPAN" ... 22nd August
 M.V. "SUMATRA" ... 31st August

For further particulars apply to the Agents.

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 Hongkong. Canton.



MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong.

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden) Suez, Port-Said.

PAUL LEON... 1st Aug.
 ANDRE LEBON... 14th Aug.
 CHENONCEAUX... 28th Aug.
 PORTHOS... 11th Sept.
 ATHOS II... 25th Sept.
 D'ARTAGNAN... 9th Oct.
 SPHINX... 23rd Oct.
 G. METZINGER... 6th Nov.
 PAUL LEON... 20th Nov.

CHENONCEAUX... 1st Aug.
 PORTHOS... 14th Aug.
 ATHOS II... 28th Aug.
 D'ARTAGNAN... 11th Sept.
 SPHINX... 25th Sept.
 G. METZINGER... 9th Oct.
 PAUL LEON... 23rd Oct.
 ANDRE LEBON... 7th Nov.
 CHENONCEAUX... 21st Nov.

We can issue through tickets to Egypt, Syrian ports, East Africa, Madagascar by transshipment on our mail steamers at Port-Said or Djibouti.

COMMERCIAL LINE.

For DUNKIRK via Port-Said, Oran, Cassablanca, Hamburg, Rotterdam, (Antwerp):

S.S. "MIN" ... 4th Aug.

For full Particulars, apply to—

Cie. des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,
 3, Queen's Building.
 Telephones: C. 651 & 740.

MR. CHU CHAO-HSIN.

LEAVES ON PRES. LINCOLN FOR SHANGHAI.

Mr. Chu Chao-hsin, the newly appointed Nationalist Assistant Foreign Minister, arrived in the Colony from Canton on Sunday night and leaves for Nanking this morning by the President Lincoln accompanied by his two secretaries. In a brief interview with the Press, Mr. Chu stated that his mission to Nanking was to take over his new post in the Foreign Ministry. He expected to stay in Nanking for two weeks, after which he would return to Canton.

Touching on the so-called unequal treaties and China's relations with the Powers, Mr. Chu stated that it was most certain that the Nanking Government would take steps to abrogate all treaties that had expired and meanwhile the Chinese Government had also made up its mind to negotiate with the foreign Powers in a peaceful and proper manner for the revision of the other existing treaties.

TRAINS COLLIDE.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT ON NEW YORK ELEVATED.

New York, July 30.

Fifty people were injured, three of them fatally, in a collision between two elevated trains, together containing over 1,000 passengers who were returning from week-end excursions. The passengers were panic stricken when the lights went out. A fire broke out among the wreckage but the fire brigades arrived promptly and most of the passengers were carried down on ladders to the street. —Reuter's American Service.

ON THE PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

CANTON COMMISSIONER AMONG PASSENGERS.

The Dollar Liner President Lincoln is due to sail at 8.00 a.m. to-day for San Francisco, and Los Angeles, with a capacity list of both first class and steerage passengers. There will be approximately 195 first class and over 700 steerage passengers aboard. Notable aboard are: Mr. Chu Chao-hsin, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs of the Nationalist Government in Canton, going to Peking, where he will assume the position of Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, in addition to his present duties; Mr. S. S. Chu and Mr. K. T. Chen, Government Officials, accompanying Mr. Chu Chao-hsin North; Mr. C. C. Golden, Vice President, and Sales Manager of the Quaker Oats Co., of Chicago, travelling to Honolulu; Rev. Father Biotteau, attached to the Spanish Mission, travelling to Shanghai; Mr. J. J. Daniels and Mr. F. E. Daniels returning to the U.S. on furlough from Burma; Mrs. Chas. Shank, wife of Mr. Chas. Shank of the Hongkong Excavation and Pile Driving Co., returning home to the United States; Miss C. L. Laird, connected with the Lingnam University, returning home to the United States; Mr. Chu Chia-hun, Vice Chancellor of the Chungshan University in Canton, going to Shanghai; Mr. and Mrs. Van Hatten, returning to the United States on furlough.

In addition to the above, there are a number of students from the various Colleges in Canton who are travelling to the U.S. to further their studies.

TSINAN RELIEF.

MALAYA CONTRIBUTES \$3,000,000.

Mr. Ho Yu has received a telegram from a friend in Singapore informing him of the progress of the collections for the Tsinan Relief Funds. The Malayan districts have collected the following amounts:

Singapore \$1,000,000
 Kuala Lumpur 700,000
 Ipoh 500,000
 Penang 400,000
 Malacca 100,000
 Seremban 200,000
 Johore 200,000

Total \$3,100,000

These amounts are in Shanghai dollars. The Relief Committee, it is stated, expects the total to reach five million dollars.

JUGO-SLAV POLITICS.

CATHOLIC PRIEST IS ELECTED PREMIER.

Belgrade, July 30.

The new Cabinet is regarded as a great step towards the conciliation of the new provinces. Father Koroshitz is a Slovene, a Roman Catholic priest, and leader of the National Democratic Party. This is the first time since the union, a decade ago, that a Serb has not been Premier. The new Government includes eight representatives from the new provinces. —Reuter.

[A message dated the 29th inst. stated that the Cabinet had been re-formed, with Father Koroshitz as Premier and M. Marinkovitch as Foreign Minister.]

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THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY
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—DRY DOCK—

LENGTH 787 FEET.
 LENGTH ON BLOCKS 750 FEET
 DEPTH ON CENTRE OF

SILL (H.W.O.S.T.) 34 FT. 6 IN.

—THREE SLIPWAYS—

CAPABLE OF HANDLING SHIPS UP
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ELECTRIC CRANE AT SEA WALL CAPABLE OF
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TELEPHONE NO. 212

CALL FLAG: "C" OVER "AMS. PENNANT."

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 HONGKONG, CHINA & JAPAN.

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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT ... ELLERMAN LINE

"CITY OF TOKIO" ... Havre, London, R'dam, Hamburg & Glasgow ... 2nd August.

"CITY OF PEKIN" ... Havre, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg ... 24th August.

"CITY OF HALIFAX" ... London, Rotterdam & Hamburg ... 2nd September.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE ... AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

"CITY OF EVANSVILLE" ... via Suez Canal ... 7th August.

"CITY OF LINCOLN" ... via Suez Canal ... 5th October.

ALSO AGENTS FOR

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SERVICES TO

BOSTON, NEW YORK & HAVANA ... AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE

"MYRTLEBANK" ... via Suez Canal ... 2nd September.

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA ... ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE

"TINHO" ... via Suez Canal ... 14th August.

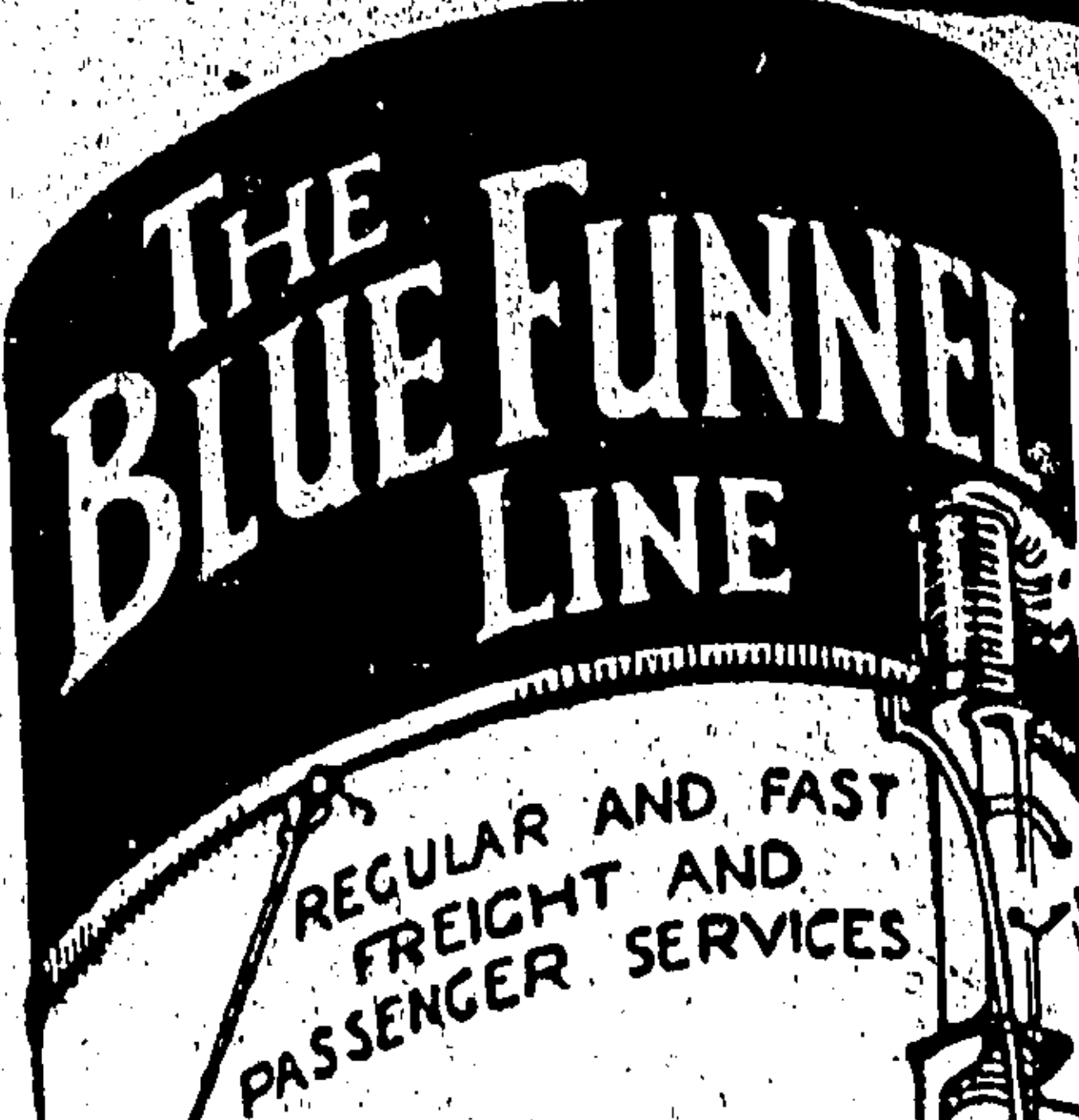
Loading for Mauritius, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay (Port Elizabeth), Mossel and Bay of Capetown.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Batra, Quillimbe, Ibo, Port Amelia, Mozambique, Chinde, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombassa, Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Kuderie Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

For freight or passage on any of the above lines apply—

Telephone (Canton) 5791.

THE BANK LINE, Ltd.



THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST
 FREIGHT AND
 PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SERVICE
 "GLADSTONE" 7th Aug. M'les, London, R'dam & Hamburg.
 "PHILOTTETES" 21st Aug. M'les, London, R'dam & Hamburg.
 "AENEAS" 4th Sept. M'les, London, R'dam & Glasgow.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE
 "ANTILLOHUS" 20th Aug. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.
 "TEUBER" 22nd Aug. Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.

PACIFIC SERVICE
 via Kobe & Yokohama
 "TALHYBIUS" 2nd Aug. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.
 "IXION" 23rd Aug. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

NEW YORK SERVICE
 "LYOON" 24th Aug. New York, Boston & Baltimore.
 "PHEMIUS" 17th Sept. Boston, New York & Baltimore.

PASSENGER SERVICE
 "ARNEAR" 4th Sept. Singapore, Marseilles & London.
 "BARPEDON" 3rd Oct. Singapore, Marseilles & London.

OUTWARD SERVICE
 "BELLEROPHON" due 8th Aug. S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
 "PHEMIUS" due 8th Aug. Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.

Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.
 For freight, passage rates, and information apply to—
Butterfield & Swire,
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President Liner

SAILINGS

Weekly Trans-Pacific Service
 To San Francisco and Los Angeles
 The Sunshine Belt via Honolulu
 FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS ON TUESDAYS

President Madison	Tuesday, Aug. 14th
President Jackson	Tuesday, Aug. 28th
President McKinley	Tuesday, Sept. 11th
President Grant	Tuesday, Sept. 25th

To Seattle and Victoria
 The Short, Straight Route to America
 FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS ON TUESDAYS

President Cleveland	Tuesday, Aug. 12, 8 a.m.
President Pierce	Tuesday, Aug. 2, 8 a.m.
President Taft	Tuesday, Sept. 4th
President J. Heron	Tuesday, Sept. 18th

Special through rates to Europe via United States. Direct connections with all Atlantic lines. Choice of rail lines across United States and Canada, liberal stop-over privileges for sight-seeing.

Europe and New York Direct
 Round the World
 FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS ON SUNDAYS VIA MANILA, STRAITS, COLOMBO, SUEZ CANAL, ALEXANDRIA, NAPLES, GENOA, MARSEILLES, NEW YORK & BOSTON.

President Harrison	Sunday, Aug. 12, 8 a.m.
President Monroe	Sunday, Aug. 26, 8 a.m.
President Wilson	Sunday, Sept. 9, 8 a.m.
President Van Buren	Sunday, Sept. 23, 8 a.m.

To Manila

President Cleveland	July 31st, 6 p.m.
President Madison	Aug. 4th, 6 p.m.
President Harrison	Aug. 12th, 8 a.m.
President Pierce	Aug. 14th, 6 p.m.

For Bookings, Passenger and Freight Information, apply to
 HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK BUILDING, GROUND FLOOR.
 Telephones Central 2477, 2478 & 795
 Cable Address "Dollar"

CANTON BRANCH:—304, Ka Nam Tong Building.

American Mail Line
 and
Dollar Steamship Line

AUSTRAL-CHINA NAVIGATION CO.
 S.S. "CALULU"
 will be despatched from Hongkong on the
 8th AUGUST, 1928,
 FOR SYDNEY, MELBOURNE & ADELAIDE
 via Manila, Hilo, Kolambuga, Tarakan, Sandakan, Balikpapan, Rabaul and Port Moresby.
 For Freight and Passage, apply to—
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
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 Queen's Building.
 Tel. No. Central 1080.

INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination.	Steamers.	Sailings.
TO TSINGTAO via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	Huangsang Foonshing Chakshang Yatshing	Wed. 1st Aug at noon. Sun. 5th Aug at noon. Wed. 8th Aug at noon. Sun. 13th Aug at noon.
TO OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	Namsang	Fri. 4th Aug at 7 a.m.
TO OSAKA via AMOI, SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	Kumsang	Fri. 17th Aug at 7 a.m.
TO CANTON	Foonshing	Tues. 31st July at 5 a.m.
TO STRAITS & CALCUTTA	Hosang Kutsang	Mon. 6th Aug at 3 p.m. Mon. 13th Aug at 3 p.m.
TO TIENTSIN	Cheongshing	Tues. 7th Aug at noon.

SUMMER TRIPS TO JAPAN.

Excellent 1st class accommodation on through steamers from Calcutta to Japan, at the specially reduced return fares of \$175 to Kobe and \$200 to Yokohama. These return tickets are available for 3 months. Further reductions made for parties of not less than 4 adults.

For freight or passage apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Telephone 215, Central

General Managers

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE

"BLUE FUNNEL LINE"

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD. AND CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.)

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE.

(KILLERMAN AND BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

S.S. "CITY OF EVANSVILLE"	via Suez Canal.	7th Aug.
S.S. "LYCAON"	via Suez Canal	24th Aug.
S.S. "PHEMIUS"	via Suez Canal	21st Sept.
S.S. "CITY OF LINCOLN"	via Suez Canal	5th Oct.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at owners' option.

Subject to change without notice.

For freight and particulars apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE or THE BANK LINE, LD., HONGKONG.

Hongkong & Canton. Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd., Canton.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LTD.

"Changte" & "Taiping."

THESE NEW VESSELS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS. VIA MANILA, ILOILO AND THURSDAY ISLAND. Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

EXCELLENT & MOST UP-TO-DATE FIRST & SECOND CLASS PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION. HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMER	DEPART HONGKONG ON OR ABOUT	SALE DEPART ON OR ABOUT
CHANGTE	7th August	17th August
TAIPIING	7th September	14th September
CHANGTE	9th October	16th October
TAIPIING	6th November	13th November

For Freight & Passage, apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Tel. C. 36 Agents.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.,

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings from Hongkong—Daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays) and 10.00 p.m. (10.00 p.m. only).
Sailings from Canton—Daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays) and 4.30 p.m. (4.30 p.m. only).

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

FROM HONGKONG: 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. (Weekdays only).
FROM MACAO: 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. (Weekdays only).

EXCURSIONS TO MACAO.

On Sunday, the 5th August and on Monday the 6th August (Bank Holiday).

S. S. "SUI AN"

will depart from the Company's Wing Lok Wharf at 9.00 a.m. and from Macao at 3.30 p.m.

RETURN SALOON PASSAGE FARE: \$5.00.

Above sailings are subject to Weather Conditions and Intending Passengers are requested to communicate with the Office, whenever any of the Typhoon Signals are hoisted.

ATLANTIC RECORD BROKEN.

MAURETANIA'S ROUND TRIP IN 12 1/2 DAYS.

The Cunard liner Mauretania has made a new record by crossing the Atlantic twice in twelve and a quarter days. She arrived at Plymouth at three a.m. on July 5.

On the outward journey her arrival at New York was delayed by heavy fog, and she had only 22 hours in port.

During this time the West-bound passengers were disembarked and

the East-bound passengers embarked, the stocktaking of the stores was carried out, fresh supplies were taken on board, 75,000 pieces of linen were washed and returned to the ship; 5,000 tons of oil fuel was bunkered, and the ship cleaned from stem to stern.

The Mauretania left New York on June 30, the sailing having been advanced four days to cope with the extraordinary rush of tourists anxious to leave for Europe at the end of June. Over 100 intending passengers had to be left behind as the ship was full.

The average speed on the return journey was 25.3 knots, a record. At one period she averaged over 26 1/2 knots.

HIS 70TH YEAR.

NOTED RESIDENT OF MACAO AND WIFE CELEBRATE.

A celebration which will be of great interest, to many friends in North China, as well as South, is the joint birthday celebration to be held at the home of the well-known Chinese resident of Macao, Mr. Chan Chik-yu.

The festivities are to mark the seventieth and sixtieth anniversaries of himself and his wife, respectively; and the joyous occasion will extend over several days, although the celebration itself is for July 28. Mr. Chan Chik-yu is a member of the well-known family of South China. His father was the late Mr. Chan A-fong, of Wang Mau, Heungshan, and Honolulu, and was known as the "Fruit King" of the latter place. Mr. Chan Chik-yu, in accordance with the modern practice, was sent abroad by his enlightened father and was in the earliest mission containing students sent to America, among them being Mr. Tang Shun-yi, Mr. C. C. Yang, Tang Shun-yi and others.

After an active career, which in a measure terminated in his service as Civil Governor of Kwangtung under the new regime, in 1923, he retired to peaceful and picturesque Macao, where he is held in great esteem by all who know him, constituting a valuable link between the Chinese and other residents, one of his intimate friends being the Governor-General. His wife, whose birthday will also be celebrated is an exemplar of that unequalled hospitable family life of South China; polite, courteous, philanthropic, and devoutly religious. A son, Mr. Chan Wing-keu, Comptroller of the Douglas Steamship Company, is well-known in business circles in Hongkong.

Mr. Chan Chik-yu had the distinction, in a recent book compiled by its donor soon before his death about the Morgan Collection of Chinese Art, of being referred to as one of China's foremost modern connoisseurs and collectors. This is sufficiently unusual, modern brochures on Chinese Art confining themselves, as a rule, to quotations of the tastes and standards of connoisseurs of past ages. His collection of porcelains, curios, and paintings of the best periods, and keen critical judgment, is well-known throughout the Coast.

STEALING A RIDE.

EIGHT MEN INCINERATED IN TRAIN WRECK.

Guernsey, Wyo., July 30. Eight men who were stealing a ride on a goods train were incinerated when the train was accidentally wrecked. Several petroleum tank cars caught fire, and the blazing oil spread to the River Platte, igniting its surface for several miles. —*Reuter's American Service.*

"ITALIA" SURVIVORS.

RETURNING HOME.

Copenhagen, July 30. Noble and his party have continued their journey to Italy. They were seen off by the Italian Minister and other Diplomatic officials and two hundred members of the Italian colony, who gave them an ovation. The party presented them with bouquets and gave them the Fascist salute. —*Reuter.*

CANTON'S PHONES.

MUNICIPALITY EXPLAINS ITS ATTITUDE.

Amid the protest over the contracts for the installation of an automatic telephone exchange, the Canton Municipality has furnished a report to Marshal Li's headquarters pointing out the principal differences between the two contracts and enclosing copies of them.

The differences referred to are similar to those mentioned in the report published in the S. C. M. Post last week. Further prominence is now given to the matter by the Canton Gazette which states:

The report states that after the conclusion of the first contract, for a period of nineteen months the suppliers were asked to start their construction work, but nothing was done. The foreign representative of the contracting company then went to America and not a word was sent to the Municipality regarding this contract. This company had a Chinese as local resident representative, but this man also did not approach the Municipality until March of the present year when discussions were under way with regard to the second contract. This silence on the part of the first contracting company is then taken as tacit surrender of their rights and responsibilities under their contract, which is therefore considered cancelled and void.

Financial Difficulty.

Explaining in further detail, Mr. Fung Wai Head of the Bureau of Public Utilities, states that when he was acting as Director of the Telephone Company last year, in June a foreign representative of the Automatic Electric Incorporated called on him and mentioned the existence of the contract. He then delved into the old files and discovered that the original plan of the municipality was that the Chamber of Commerce was to have raised the sum of \$600,000, as an advance in the interests of the contract. After a period of several months the sum of \$80,000 only was raised, and this sum being insufficient to meet the requirements of the contract, was retained in the hands of the Chamber of Commerce, pending the accumulation of further sums.

On this being explained to him, the representative of Automatic Electric Inc. then announced his intention of returning to America, but said that within the next few months, five months at the most, he would devise some means by which the finance difficulty could be overcome and the contract could be proceeded with. Nothing more was heard of the matter, however, and his remark was considered no more than a polite expression of sympathy. During the remainder of Mr. Fung's tenure of office in the Telephone Company no communication had been received from this contracting company.

Considered to have Lapsed. After his appointment as head of the Bureau of Public Utilities, Mr. Fung had perforce to take up the question again in view of the inadequacy of the existing telephone service. He wrote to the Hongkong office of the Automatic Electric Incorporated, enquiring as to their intentions with regard to their contract, but no reply was received, and he then approached the new company, the China Electric Company.

With regard to the protest

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD.

And
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's vessel,

"AENEAS"

From UNITED KINGDOM via SINGAPORE.

are hereby notified that the cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 30th July.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godown, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 6th August, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 20th August, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1928.

CROWN LAND.

TWO LOTS DISPOSED OF YESTERDAY.

Two Crown land properties were put up for auction at the offices of the P. W. D. yesterday afternoon, one being sold for \$14,000 (upset price \$9,300) and the other at the upset price of \$1,650, there being no bids. The properties were sold subject to the usual conditions, including the proviso that the purchaser shall build on the land within 24 calendar months and shall expend a sum of not less than \$2,000 in rateable improvements.

The first lot was New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1143, situated at the junction of Yu Chow Street and Shek Kip Mei Street, Shamshuipo, having an area of about 7,440 square feet, and an annual Crown rental of \$52. The upset price was \$9,300.

Bids were quickly forthcoming and the property was eventually knocked down to Kam Yai-pui, Ching Ping-che, and Leung Wau-lai, 16 Bonham Street, at the price of \$14,000.

The second lot, for which no bids were made, was New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1145, situated between New Kowloon Inland Lots Nos. 1023 and 1120, at Prince Edward Road, Kowloon City, the area being about 1,104 square feet, with an annual Crown rental of \$6. The upset price was \$1,650.

In the absence of bids the property was sold at the upset price to Hong Lok-tin, who bought on behalf of Li Sam, 45 Po Kong Road, Kowloon City.

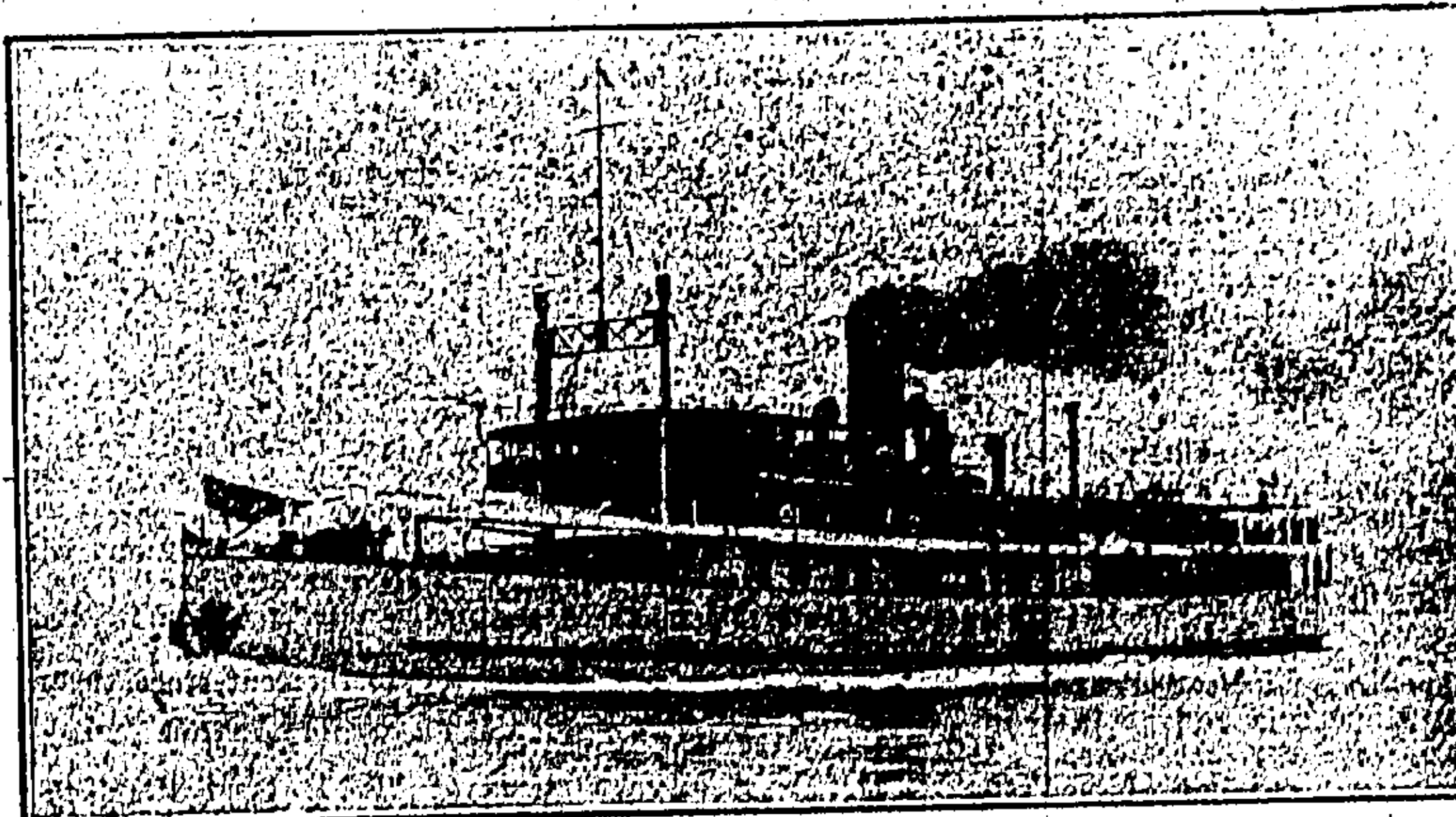
In comparing the two contracts for the installation of the automatic telephone system, Municipal officials are of opinion that the later contract offers a total saving of around \$200,000.

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*KIDDERPORE	1,334	10th Aug.	Straits, Bombay & Karachi
*RAIPUTANA	16,568	18th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
*NALDERA	16,088	1st Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
*KALYAN	9,114	15th Sept.	M'ss, L'don, A'werp & Hull
*KASHGAR	9,005	29th Sept.	M'ss, L'don, A'werp & Hull

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TILAWA	10,006	8th Sept.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

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*ARAFURA	6,000	3 Aug. 4 p.m.	Manila, Sandakan, Thurs.
TANDA	6,656	31st Aug.	Inland, Townsville, S'pore
ST. ALBANS	4,500	28th Sept.	Sydney and Melbourne.

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KALYAN	9,144	4 Aug. noon.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
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WARFIELD	6,006	12th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
TILAWA	10,006	17th Aug.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
NALDERA	10,006	17th Aug.	Shanghai
INAGORE	5,283	30th Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KASHGAR	9,005	31st Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
TAKADA	6,949	1st Sept.	Amoy, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
ST. ALBANS	4,500	4th Sept.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
TALAMBA	8,018	5th Sept.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Osaka

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Atsuta Maru ... Saturday, 11th Aug.

Kashima Maru ... Saturday, 25th Aug.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

Mishima Maru ... Wednesday, 22nd Aug.

Tango Maru ... Wednesday, 19th Sept.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

Tamba Maru ... Saturday, 11th Aug.

SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.

Anyo Maru ... Saturday, 18th Aug.

SOUTH AMERICA (EAST COAST) via Singapore, Capetown & Ports.

Bingo Maru ... Wednesday, 1st Aug.

NEW YORK and BOSTON via PANAMA.

Calcutta Maru ... Wednesday, 15th Aug.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Genoa & Marseilles.

Delagoa Maru (Calls Glasgow) ... Friday, 17th Aug.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

Malacca Maru ... Wednesday, 8th Aug.

NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

Tango Maru ... Friday, 17th Aug.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

Shwa Maru ... Monday, 6th Aug.

Nagato Maru (Moji Direct) ... Friday, 10th Aug.

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FRANCE RETAINS DAVIS CUP.

AMERICA DEFEATED
BY 4 TO 1.

COCHET'S WONDERFUL WIN
OVER TILDEN.

BRILLIANT TENNIS.

Paris, July 30.
A spectacular victory by Cochet over Tilden after one of the finest exhibitions of tennis ever seen on the famous courts at Auteuil, ended America's Davis Cup challenge for the year 1928. Cochet has never given a more brilliant exhibition in his long career. He defeated the redoubtable American star in three straight sets, though Tilden was in top form, scintillating at times, and forced the first set to 16 games, and the second to 14.
Subsequently Rene Lacoste overwhelmed Hennessy in the remaining singles match, and France thus retained the Davis Cup for a second year by 4 matches to 1.
Cochet beat Tilden by 9-7, 8-6, 6-4, while Lacoste beat Hennessy by 4-6, 6-1, 7-5, 6-3.

A New Cochet.

It was a new and more brilliant Cochet who defeated Tilden without conceding a set. Cochet is a player who as a rule has a love for fine overhead volleying and enjoys taking risks.
To these characteristics he added a long range control which made his game absolute perfection.

When necessary, for Tilden attacked with all his resources, Cochet stone-walled as steadily as Lacoste himself, which says much since Lacoste's defence is regarded as the most brilliant of any player in tennis to-day.
Cochet stood back on the baseline when Tilden was sending across cannon-ball drives and kept Tilden on the run with beautiful strokes from one side of the court to the other.

Tilden came to the net much more often than his opponent, but Cochet was quite unmoved and continued slogging away from the base-line.

Tilden's Brilliant Flashes.

Tilden was conspicuous for some terrific drives and brilliant flashes at the net, but Cochet met his attacks with calm confidence, and by some superbly placed strokes captured wonderful points when Tilden's vigour seemed likely to take them the other way.
Cochet has never won a more creditable victory and at the conclusion he was carried off shoulder-high.—*Reuter.*

AMERICA'S NEW CHINA POLICY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

stances of the time and "I think we are entitled to expect, being animated with these liberal sentiments ourselves, to meet with an equally friendly attitude on the part of the Chinese Government."

Manchuria Attitude.

An important statement was also made by Sir Austen Chamberlain in his speech, in which he said that Britain had never recognised Manchuria as anything but a part of China. Britain recognised that Japan had great interests in Manchuria and might well be anxious regarding the protection of her people there.

But British interest was in a united China under one Government, which could take and keep an obligation in a China with which Britain could negotiate and maintain a friendly settlement.
Britain, Sir Austen went on, did not desire to keep troops in China any longer than was necessary, but there were still precautions to be taken if the British Government was to discharge the duty it owed to British communities in China.

Opposition Congratulations.

Mr. Lloyd George, the Liberal Leader, rising at the conclusion of Sir Austen Chamberlain's address, said that the Foreign Secretary had adhered honourably to his previous declaration of policy in regard to China.

Mr. Lloyd George was delighted to hear Sir Austen's declaration about Manchuria and he expressed the hope that there was not going to be a question of the practical annexation of Manchuria by Japan.

Mr. Arthur Ponsonby said that once the Nanking Government had been recognised by His Majesty's Government they would be in a position if they found themselves in difficulties in Manchuria to bring their grievances before the

MORE WORK FOR YANG SEN.

TO MAKE ATTACK ON
CHUNGKING.

BANDITS AT LILANG.

General Yang Sen has received orders from Wuhan to drive Liu Hsiang out of Chungking, according to naval wireless messages received in Hongkong to-day. Yang is understood to be confident of his ability to eject Liu and it seems likely that hostilities will start almost at once.

A Changsha message states that Lilang, 40 miles south-east of Changsha, is reported to be in the hands of bandits.

The Manchuria Problem.

Shanghai, July 31.
Whilst it is said that the two Fengtien delegates have departed from Peking, it is learned that General Chang Hsueh-liang, intend to continue the negotiations with the leaders in Nanking, has sent three new delegates to the Nationalist capital, namely, Messrs. Liu Hui-tung, Liu Lim-yuan, and Chao Che-pel. The two latter are advisers of General Chang. The three delegates arrived at Nanking yesterday.

The delegates interviewed several Nationalist leaders this morning, including Tang Yin-kei and Li Jieh-chun. The former is the Chairman of the Nanking Government Council. The delegates assert that their conversations on the Manchurian question were most satisfactory.—*Nam Chung Pao.*

Leaders' Movement.

Shanghai, July 30.
Noted Kuomintang politicians and military leaders are arriving in Nanking in large numbers for the Fifth Plenary Session. The preliminary meeting will take place on Wednesday and it is understood that the required quorum of Central Executive Commissioners has already been made up.
Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang has arrived, and Marshals Yen Hsi-shan and Li Chai-sum and General Li Chung-yen are now on their way from Hankow.

As Marshals Yen and Feng are not members of the Central Executive Committee, it is not certain whether they will be allowed to attend.

Shanghai, July 30.

Chinese telegrams from Tientsin state the Soviet Government has closed the office of the Russian Consulate-General in Tientsin, while the officials left some time ago.

League of Nations and allow the League to settle any dispute which might arise between the Nationalist Government and Japan.—*Reuter.*

The 1926 Statement.

The statement of British policy made in 1926, to which Sir Austen Chamberlain referred in his speech, was in the nature of a communication addressed by Britain to the signatories of the Washington Treaties.

It suggested that the Treaty Powers should issue a joint declaration making it clear that they desired to go as far as possible towards meeting the legitimate aspirations of the Chinese people. The Powers, Britain suggested, "should abandon the idea that the economic and political development of China can only be secured under foreign tutelage, and should declare their readiness to recognize her right to enjoy Tariff Autonomy as soon as she herself has settled and promulgated a new National Tariff. They should disclaim any intention of forcing foreign control on an unwilling China. While calling upon China to maintain that respect for the sanctity of treaties which is the primary obligation common to all civilized States, the Powers should recognize both the essential justice of China's claim for treaty revision, and the difficulty under present conditions of negotiating new treaties in place of old, and they should therefore modify their traditional attitude of rigid insistence on the strict letter of treaty rights."

The statement also added that the declaration should show that the Powers are prepared to consider in a sympathetic spirit any reasonable proposals that Chinese authorities wherever situated may make, even if contrary to strict interpretation of Treaty rights, in return for fair and considerate treatment of foreign interests by them. "The declaration should show that it is the policy of the Powers to endeavour to maintain harmonious relations with China, without waiting for or insisting on the prior establishment of a strong Central Government."

It was also suggested that the Powers should authorize the immediate levy of the Washington surtaxes unconditionally throughout China.

British Proposals.

This statement was followed up in January 1927, by a communication sent by the British Government to the Chinese authorities at Peking and Hankow, setting forth seven British proposals in regard to recognition of Chinese Courts, validity of Chinese Nationality Law, payment by British of local Chinese taxes, modification of municipal administrations, in British Concessions, the application of Chinese laws to missionary institutions, and other points.

THE M.C.C. TOUR IN AUSTRALIA.

ENGLAND'S TEST TEAM
SELECTED.

A.P.F. CHAPMAN TO SKIPPER
THE SIDE.

TALENTED SIXTEEN.

London, July 30.
England's Test selectors to-day announced the team which has been chosen to represent the M.C.C. in Australia this year as follows:

Mr. A.P.F. Chapman (Kent) captain.

Mr. J. C. White (Somerset) Vice-captain.

Mr. D. R. Jardine (Surrey)

J. B. Hobbs (Surrey)

H. Sutcliffe (Yorkshire)

E. Tyldesley (Lancashire)

W. R. Hammond (Gloucester)

M.W. Tate (Sussex)

M. Leyland (Yorkshire)

H. Larwood (Notts)

L. Ames (Kent)

E. Hendren (Middlesex)

P. Mead (Hants)

G. Duckworth (Lancashire)

S. Staples (Notts)

A. P. Freeman (Kent)

It is probable that another player will be selected to go as seventeenth.

—*Reuter.*

Chapman as Captain.

It is notable that the three

amateurs who have been variously

spoken of as the logical captain of

the England team are all included,

but there will be little criticism of

the M.C.C. choice.

A.P.F. Chapman, one of the most

attractive batsmen in the world

when his eye is in, has not been in

particularly fine form this season

though he has done well in each of

the Tests against South Africa. It

will not be readily forgotten, how-

ever, that Mr. Chapman took the

responsibilities of the captaincy in

the Fifth Test Match at the Oval

in 1925 when England recaptured

the "Ashes" so elusive since the

war.

Mr. J. White, the Somerset cap-

tain, under-studies Chapman, and

his experience will be of immense

assistance to his more youthful con-

temporary. Mr. Jardine, of course,

has shown enough to justify his in-

clusion in any England team.

The famous Hobbs-Sutcliffe part-

nership is preserved, to the relief

of the cricketing fraternity both in

England and Australia.

Twelve Batsmen.

The side includes twelve bats-

men, nine of whom are in the first

sight of England's bats, and six

bowlers, including that brilliant

pair, Larwood and Tate.

Two wicket-keepers are included.

Duckworth, purely a wicket-keeper,

and Ames, the brilliant Kent stump-

per, who in addition to his work be-

hind the wicket is a first-class bats-

man.

The only surprise selection is that

of Leyland, the Yorkshire bat.

Evidently he has been preferred to

Hallows. It was also expected that

either V.W.C. Jupp or R.E.S. Wyatt,

or both would be included in the

team, but it may be that they have

been asked and find it impossible

to undertake the journey.

It will be remembered that Wyatt

toured with A.E.R. Gilligan's team

in India last winter.

No-one can doubt that the side

is one of talents and Mr. Chapman's

greatest difficulty will be to decide

who to leave out rather than who to

put in.

—*Reuter.*

INDIAN GOVERNORS.

TWO NEW APPOINTMENTS
CONFIRMED.

London, July 30.

His Majesty the King has ap-

proved of the appointments of Sir

Malcolm Hailey, K.C.S.I., as Gov-

ernor of the United Provinces, and

of Sir Geoffrey de Montmorency,

K.C.I.E., as Governor of Punjab.

—*Reuter.*

Sir Malcolm Hailey, who joined

the Indian Civil Service in 1895,

has been Governor of Punjab since

1924, whilst Sir Geoffrey de Mont-

morency, whose career in the

I.C.S. began in 1899 and who was

Chief Secretary to the Prince of

Wales during his Indian tour, has

been Chief Secretary of the Pun-

jab Government since 1920.

"FAIR TO SHOWERY."

To-day's Observatory report

states:—Pressure is high to the

north of Japan and low over

China. The typhoon is midway

between Tokyo and the Bonins.

The forecast up to noon to-morrow

is:—South winds, moderate; fair

to showery.

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a beautiful cabaret dancer
with a tremendous urge for
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told against the colour-
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of love and fidelity to
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